Accepted Manuscript

Inhibition of NADPH oxidase activities ameliorates DSS-induced colitis

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PII: S0006-2952(18)30431-3

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bcp.2018.10.010

Reference: BCP 13318

To appear in: Biochemical Pharmacology

Received Date: 13 September 2018 Accepted Date: 11 October 2018



Please cite this article as: T. Yu, P. Wan, X-D. Zhu, Y-P. Ren, C. Wang, R-W. Yan, Y. Guo, A-P. Bai, Inhibition of NADPH oxidase activities ameliorates DSS-induced colitis, *Biochemical Pharmacology* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bcp.2018.10.010

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Inhibition of NADPH oxidase activities ameliorates DSS-induced colitis

Running title: NOX mediates DSS-induced colitis

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Abstract

NADPH oxidases (NOX) act to generate reactive oxygen species (ROS) and exhibit microbicidal

bioactivity, whereas their roles in mediating immune responses of inflammation in intestine remain

to be further elucidated. The study was performed to explore the effects of NOX activity on

regulation of macrophage functions. Macrophage responses were induced by lipopolysaccharides

(LPS) in RAW 264.7 cells (in vitro) or dextran sulfate sodium (DSS) in BALB/c mice (in vivo)

respectively. LPS induced NOX2 expression and initiated NOX activities in RAW 264.7 cells.

Conversely, inhibition of NOX activity by DPI and VAS2870 diminished LPS induced NOX

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