



Neurodevelopment and brain growth in classic Menkes disease is influenced by age and symptomatology at initiation of copper treatment



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ABSTRACT

Menkes disease is an X-linked recessive disorder of brain copper metabolism caused by mutations in an essential mammalian copper transport gene, *ATP7A*. Untreated affected individuals suffer failure to thrive and neurodevelopmental delays that usually commence at 6–8 weeks of age. Death by age three years is typical. While provision of working copies of *ATP7A* to the brain by viral vectors is a promising strategy under development, the only treatment currently available is subcutaneous copper injections. These can normalize circulating blood levels and may replete brain copper depending on the molecular context, e.g., the severity of *ATP7A* mutation and potential presence of mosaicism. In this paper, we summarize somatic growth and neurodevelopmental outcomes for 60 subjects enrolled in a recently concluded phase I/II clinical trial of copper histidine for Menkes disease (ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT00001262). Primary outcomes indicate highly statistically significant improvements in gross motor, fine motor/adaptive, personal-social, and language neurodevelopment in the cohort of subjects who received early treatment prior to onset of symptoms ($n = 35$). Correlating with these findings, quantitative parameters of somatic growth indicated statistically significant greater growth in head circumference for the initially asymptomatic group, whereas weight and height/length at age three years (or at time of death) did not differ significantly. Mortality at age 3 was higher (50%) in subjects older and symptomatic when treatment commenced compared to the asymptomatic group (28.6%). We conclude that early copper histidine for Menkes disease is safe and efficacious, with treatment outcomes influenced by the timing of intervention, and *ATP7A* mutation.

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Introduction

Successful management of orphan pediatric neurometabolic diseases is often complicated by difficulty in the early diagnosis and institution of effective therapy before irrevocable brain damage. Without reliable newborn screening to detect asymptomatic affected infants, early diagnosis relies upon a high index of suspicion based on positive family history, or astute clinical judgment by neonatal care providers.

Menkes disease, an X-linked recessive disorder of brain copper metabolism, is one such condition for which early diagnosis

is crucial for any prospect of meaningful long-term outcome. First described in 1962 [1], the illness is caused by mutations in a highly evolutionarily conserved copper-transporting P-type ATPase, *ATP7A* [2–5]. Treatment for Menkes disease with copper replacement was first suggested by Danks et al. [6] and has been applied by others [7–12]. Clinical outcomes in response to various copper regimens have been mixed, however, and the need for alternative or supplemental remedies has been cited [13–15].

In a Phase I/II clinical trial (ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT00001262), we evaluated the effects of a specific copper treatment regimen on neurodevelopment and somatic growth in 60 patients with a proven diagnosis of Menkes disease.

Materials and methods

Patients

Fifty-seven individuals identified as having classic Menkes disease based on evidence of disturbed copper transport, including

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Table 1
Neurodevelopmental outcomes and growth at 36 mos of age (or at death) after copper histidine treatment in Menkes disease.

| Subject | Gross motor (mos) | Fine motor (mos) | Personal social (mos) | Language (mos) | Weight (centile) | Length (centile) | OFC (centile) | ATP7A mutation | Death ≤3 yrs |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| Group I | | | | | | | | | |
| I-01 ²⁶ | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | IVS8 AS dup5 | |
| I-02 ²⁶ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | IVS8 AS dup5 | |
| I-03 ^{18,28} | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 25 | R201X | D |
| I-04 ¹² | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Q724H | |
| I-05 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 4195del4 | D |
| I-06 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 2926/7 GG>TT | D |
| I-07 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 2926/7 GG>TT | D |
| I-08 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 40 | 0 | IVS6 DS, +1g>a | D |
| I-09 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 15 | 25 | ND | D |
| I-10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Del exon 1 | |
| I-11 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 50 | 15 | 2233 delT | |
| I-12 | 6 | 8 | 15 | 12 | 50 | 0 | 0 | A629P | |
| I-13 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 5 | G728D | |
| I-14 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ND | D |
| I-15 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 60 | 10 | Q724X | |
| I-16 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 25 | IVS21 AS -1, G>A | D |
| I-17 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 50 | 50 | 40 | IVS12 DS +1, g>a | D |
| I-18 ²⁷ | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 50 | 75 | 50 | G727R | D |
| I-19 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | R201X | |
| I-20 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 0 | S487X | |
| I-21 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 25 | 15 | 25 | Q843X | D |
| I-22 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ND | |
| Mean | 2.455 | 2.409 | 3.364 | 3.227 | 11.273 | 15.455 | 11.136 | | 11 of 22 |
| SD | 2.154 | 1.652 | 3.499 | 2.943 | 17.097 | 23.192 | 14.551 | | 50% |
| Group II | | | | | | | | | |
| II-01 ¹² | 12 | 15 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 10 | Q724H | |
| II-02 ^{17,30} | 5 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | W1187X | D |
| II-03 ¹² | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 40 | Q724H | D |
| II-04 ²⁶ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 60 | IVS8 AS dup5 | |
| II-05 ³⁰ | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | IVS7 AS -1G>C | |
| II-06 ²⁸ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 25 | 15 | 50 | R201X | |
| II-07 ³⁰ | 13 | 15 | 24 | 20 | 50 | 10 | 75 | Q197X | |
| II-08 ^{19,30} | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | K1037N | D |
| II-09 ²⁵ | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 50 | Del exon 1 | D |
| II-10 ¹⁴ | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 75 | 2757/8 delAG | D |
| II-11 ¹⁴ | 12 | 16 | 24 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | G666R | |
| II-12 ^{14,30} | 7 | 11 | 13 | 8 | 50 | 5 | 50 | Del exon 7–19 | |
| II-13 ¹⁴ | 4 | 21 | 15 | 12 | 0 | 20 | 25 | Del exon 1 | |
| II-14 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 50 | IVS7 AS -1, G>C | |
| II-15 ¹⁴ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 33 | 40 | 25 | 40 | IVS9 DS +6 t>g | |
| II-16 ¹⁴ | 24 | 30 | 28 | 27 | 80 | 15 | 50 | 3936/7 delT | |
| II-17 ¹⁴ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 3061 del T | |
| II-18 ¹⁴ | 34 | 36 | 36 | 32 | 20 | 10 | 40 | G666R | |
| II-19 ²¹ | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | IVS11 SA -1, G>A | |
| II-20 ²⁰ | 30 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 0 | 75 | 25 | ND | |
| II-21 ¹⁴ | 12 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | del 4246–4260 | |
| II-22 ¹⁴ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 25 | 0 | Q1383X | D |
| II-23 ¹⁴ | 2 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 3061 del T | |
| II-24 ^{21,27} | 30 | 30 | 38 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 60 | G727R | |
| II-25 ^{14,30} | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 25 | 10 | 0 | Del ex 20–23 | |
| II-26 ^{29,30} | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 50 | Del ex 13–14 | D |
| II-27 ³⁰ | 11 | 15 | 17 | 24 | 5 | 5 | 50 | IVS15 DS -1, G>A | D |
| II-28 | 24 | 28 | 34 | 30 | 50 | 5 | 90 | Del exon 1 | |
| II-29 ²² | 10 | 14 | 19 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | L625X | D |
| II-30 ²¹ | 15 | 18 | 24 | 20 | 3 | 5 | 25 | Del ex 2–14 | |
| II-31 | 24 | 28 | 24 | 32 | 5 | 5 | 50 | 1020 dup5 | |
| II-32 ²⁷ | 32 | 34 | 38 | 34 | 10 | 10 | 50 | G727R | |
| II-33 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 25 | ND | D |
| II-34 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 20 | 25 | 5 | 60 | Del 2–23 | |
| II-35 | 16 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 60 | Del exon 1 | |
| Mean | 13.743 | 16.200 | 17.657 | 15.800 | 12.086 | 8.286 | 33.286 | | 10 of 35 |
| SD | 12.200 | 12.762 | 13.482 | 12.034 | 19.589 | 13.501 | 27.060 | | 28.6% |
| P values: Group I v II | | | | | | | | | |
| Group III | | | | | | | | | |
| III-01 ²³ | 27 | 32 | 35 | 31 | 15 | 75 | 50 | S833G | |
| III-02 | 10 | 15 | 12 | 20 | 0 | 10 | 0 | ND | |
| III-03 ²³ | 10 | 6 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | IVS21 DS +3, a>t | |
| Mean | 15.667 | 17.667 | 17.667 | 21.000 | 5.000 | 28.333 | 18.333 | | 0 of 3 |
| SD | 9.815 | 13.204 | 15.308 | 9.539 | 8.660 | 40.723 | 27.538 | | 0% |

Group I: Classic Menkes disease: Copper histidine treatment beginning after 1 month of age and after onset of symptoms. **Group II:** Classic Menkes disease: Copper histidine treatment beginning within 1 month of age and prior to onset of symptoms. **Group III:** Milder variants of Menkes disease: Copper histidine treatment beginning late after onset of (milder) symptoms. D = deceased; ND = not determined. Superscripts refer to previous reports (see References) in which the respective subjects were mentioned. For growth, centile = 0 indicates below or at the lower limit of normal.

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