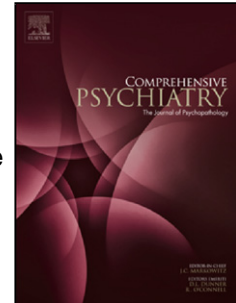


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Longitudinal Population Subgroups of CRP and Risk of Depression in the ALSPAC birth cohort

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Highlights

- Using CRP data from age 9, 15 and 18 we identified four population subgroups
- The subgroups represent *persistently low*, *persistently high*, *decreasing*, *increasing* CRP levels
- *Increasing* CRP levels were associated with moderate/severe depression at age 18

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