



Lab Resource: Stem Cell Line

Derivation of the clinical grade human embryonic stem cell line RCe018-A (RC-14)



P.A. De Sousa^{a,b,c,*}, B.J. Tye^a, K. Bruce^a, P. Dand^a, G. Russell^a, D.M. Collins^a, A. Greenshields^a, K. McDonald^a, H. Bradburn^a, A. Laurie^a, J.M. Downie^a, M. Bateman^a, A. Courtney^a

^a Roslin Cells Limited, Nine Edinburgh Bio-Quarter, 9 Little France Road, Edinburgh EH16 4UX, UK

^b Centre for Clinical Brain Sciences, University of Edinburgh, UK

^c MRC Centre for Regenerative Medicine, University of Edinburgh, UK

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 28 March 2016

Accepted 5 April 2016

Available online 13 April 2016

ABSTRACT

The human embryonic stem cell line RCe018-A (RC-14) was derived under quality assured compliance with UK regulation, European Union Directives and International guidance for tissue procurement, processing and storage according to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) standards. The cell line was derived from a blastocyst stage embryo voluntarily donated as unsuitable or surplus to fertility requirements following informed consent. RCe018-A (RC-14) shows normal pluripotency marker expression and differentiation to the three germ layers in vitro. It has a male karyotype with an extra copy of chromosome 8 (47XY, +8). Microsatellite PCR identity, HLA and blood group typing data are available.

© 2016 Roslin Cells Ltd. Published by Elsevier B.V. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Resource table

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Name of stem cell construct | RCe018-A |
| Alternative name | RC-14, RC14 |
| Institution | Roslin Cells Ltd. |
| Person who created resource | B.J. Tye, K. Bruce, P. Dand, G. Russell, D.M. Collins, A. Greenshields, K. McDonald, H. Bradburn, A. Laurie |
| Contact person and email | Paul.desousa@roslincells.com ; Paul.desousa@ed.ac.uk Janet.downie@roslincells.com Aidan.courtney@roslincells.com Malcolm.bateman@roslinfoundation.com |
| Date archived/stock date | 16 May 2011 (seed bank) |
| Type of resource | Biological reagent: cell line |
| Sub-type | hESC, clinical grade |
| Origin | Blastocyst with ICM and trophoblast |
| Key transcription factors | Oct4 (confirmed by flow cytometry). |
| Authentication | See Quality Control Certificate of Analysis (Fig. 1) |

(continued)

| | |
|---|--|
| Link to related literature (direct URL links and full references) | N/A |
| Information in public databases | http://hpscereg.eu/cell-line/RCe018-A |
| Ethics | Informed consent obtained. Scotland A Research Ethics committee approval obtained (07/MRE00/56). Conducted under the UK Human Fertilisation and Embryology Authority licence no R0136 to centre 0202 and UK Human Tissue Authority (HTA) licensing number 22631. |

Resource details

RCe018-A (RC-14) was derived from a blastocyst stage embryo that was surplus to requirement or unsuitable for clinical use. Human embryonic stem cell (hESC) isolation, expansion and qualification were performed in facilities whose specification, operation and monitoring complied with GMP standards enabling; i) a fully traceable procurement procedure with informed ethical consent which includes provision for commercial use, ii) detailed medical history and blood borne virus (BBV) screening of donors, and iii) compilation of a cell line history providing details on hESC manufacturing process and quality control testing regime.

Human ESC culture and processing was performed in a grade A tissue culture cabinet in a grade B clean room environment monitored for particulate and microbiological contamination during cell processing in accordance with Rules and Guidance for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers and Distributors – The Orange Guide, compiled by the UK Medicines Healthcare Products Regulatory Authority (go to: <https://www.gov.uk/>

* Corresponding author at: Centres for Clinical Brain Sciences & Regenerative Medicine, University of Edinburgh, Chancellor's Building, 49 Little France Crescent, Edinburgh, EH16 4SB Scotland, UK and Roslin Cells Ltd, Scottish Centre for Regenerative Medicine, 5 Little France Drive, Edinburgh, EH16 4UU Scotland, UK. Tel.: +44 (0) 131 242 6646, +44 (0) 791 759 4876.

E-mail addresses: paul.desousa@ed.ac.uk, paul.desousa@roslincells.com (P.A. De Sousa).
URL's: <http://www.crm.ed.ac.uk/research/associate/pluripotent-cell-translation>,
<http://www.roslincells.com> (P.A. De Sousa).

guidance/good-manufacturing-practice-and-good-distribution-practice). Accordingly, the facility was operating under a mature Quality Management System, compliant with ISO9001:2008 standards. hESC derivation was performed under licensure from the UK HFEA (R0136 to centre 0202) and HTA (Licensing Number 22631).

hESC derivation involved whole embryo outgrowth on mitotically inactivated human dermal fibroblast (HDF) feeder cells. HDFs were derived and manufactured according to GMP and had been approved for clinical use by the Food and Drug Administration, USA. During derivation on HDFs, hESCs were grown in a xeno-free cell therapy grade media (XF KODMEM) supplemented with xeno-free human recombinant bFGF. hESCs were subsequently expanded in a GMP grade serum-free medium (StemPro hESC Serum Free Medium) on a xeno-free matrix (CellStart). The former contained bovine serum albumin (BSA) from a Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy (TSE)-free country of origin. The cell line was cryopreserved in a GMP compliant cryopreservation solution (CryoStor CS10).

By flow cytometry, RCe018-A (RC-14) expressed the pluripotency makers Oct-4, Tra-1-60 and SSEA-4 (87.7%, 55.4% and 94.8%, respectively), whereas low expression of the differentiation marker SSEA-1 (1.0%) was observed (Figs. 1 and 2). Differentiation to the three germ layers,

endoderm, ectoderm and mesoderm, was demonstrated using embryoid body formation in vitro, and expression of the germ layer markers α -fetoprotein, β -tubulin and muscle actin was observed (Fig. 3).

A microsatellite PCR profile has been obtained for the cell line, and HLA Class I and II typing is available (Table 1). Blood group genotyping gave the blood group O₁O₁ (Table 1).

Verification and authentication

The cell line was analysed for genome stability by G-banding and showed a male genotype with trisomy 8 (47XY, +8) in all cells analysed (Fig. 4). The cell line is free from mycoplasma contamination as determined by RT-qPCR.

Materials and methods

Ethics

Derivation of hESC from surplus to requirement and failed to fertilise/develop embryos was approved by The Scotland A Research

| Roslin Cells | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Quality Control Test Certificate | | | | | |
| Sample Point 2 Test Results | | | | | |
| Certificate Number: | QCC-11-259 | Version: | 1 | | |
| Grade: | CLINICAL | | | | |
| Sample ID: | RC-14 P28A | | | | |
| Assay | Test Method | Roslin Cells Assay Code | Date of Assay | Result | |
| Mycoplasma Detection | RT-qPCR (SOP/QCP/22) | MYCO-11-006 | 16 May 11 | Not Detected | |
| Endotoxin Detection | Kinetic Chromogenic LAL (SOP/QCP/12) | ENDO-11-009 | 13 May 11 | 2.42 EU/ml | |
| Viral Screening* | PCR (CMV, HTLV1, HIV1, HCV, HBV, EBV) (SOP/QCP/60) | VIRA-11-001 | 17 May 11 | Not Detected | |
| Karyotype* | G-banding (SOP/QCP/51) | N/A | 16 May 11 | 47, XY, +8 | |
| Pluripotency / Differentiation | Flow Cytometry (SOP/QCP/25) | FLOW-11-009 | 16 May 11 | Antibody | % Positive |
| | | | | SSEA-4 | 94.8 |
| | | | | Oct 3/4 | 87.7 |
| | | | | Tra-1-60 | 55.4 |
| SSEA-1 | 1 | | | | |
| Microsatellite Genotyping* | PCR (SOP/QCP/6) | MPCR-11-001 | 02 Aug 11 | ID Obtained | |

*Subcontracted to a Third Party

Certificate Prepared by (QC): E. Clarke Date: 09 NOV 11

Certificate Reviewed by (QC): ASL Date: 09 NOV 11

Confidential Page 1 of 2

Fig. 1. Quality Control Certificate of Analysis for RCe018-A (RC-14) P28A seed lot.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/2094045>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/2094045>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)