BEDSIDE SHIFT REPORT IMPROVES PATIENT SAFETY AND NURSE ACCOUNTABILITY

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Patient safety.

The truth is, thousands of patients are cared for every day in US emergency departments, resulting in thousands of shift changes and thousands of opportunities for error. According to the Institute of Medicine's report *To Err is Human: Building a Safer Health System*, between 44,000 and 98,000 people die in US hospitals each year because of preventable health care errors. ¹

Thy bedside shift report? The short answer:

Even greater are the numbers of preventable errors that do not result in death but lead to acute or chronic illness, injury, and/or disability. Financial costs from errors are also substantial and include lost income, reduced productivity, increased health care costs, and inflated health insurance premiums. ¹

The emergency department is also a high-risk environment in which additional safety factors must be considered. The National Quality Forum identified these as multiple individuals involved in the care of a single patient; patients with high-acuity illness or injury; rapid health care decisions under severe time constraints; high volume of patients and unpredictable patient flow; barriers to communication with patients, families, and other health care professionals; and interactions with multiple types of diagnostic and/or treatment technology.²

Other Benefits

Bedside shift report is also an excellent way to build employee teamwork, ownership, and accountability. In addition, it responds directly to a number of the Joint

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Commission's National Patient Safety Goals, including goal 1 ("improve the accuracy of patient identification") because we check the patient's armband and ask the patient his or her name and birth date as identifiers, goal 2E ("improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers: managing hand-off communications," with particular attention to ensuring the opportunity for asking and responding to questions), and goal 13 ("encourage patients' active involvement in their own care as a patient safety strategy.")³

What Is in It for Staff

Although it sounds simple, staff may be resistant to this process for any number of reasons. However, here is the really wonderful thing: Bedside shift report drives staff ownership and accountability. If you have ever heard staff comment, "You should see the way the night shift left their rooms!" or "The intravenous line is dry, his sheets are wet, and there are two full urinals on the Mayo stand!," you will appreciate the way bedside shift report creates ownership and accountability. Here is what is in it for staff:

- Opportunity for real-time conversations. If I go into the room and see that the last nurse has left it in disarray, I can say, "Kim, why don't you empty the urinals while I check the patient and update the white-board?" If I, as a staff nurse, understand that bedside report is an expectation and understand that someone is going to be checking both my patients and my rooms, as well as verifying my charts, then I am going to be more likely to ensure everything is in order before that shift change.
- More time. Although you might hear initial staff concerns that it will "take too long" or that they "don't have time," the reality is that nurses will be with the patient for 3 to 5 minutes while they physically check the patient, update the whiteboard, and do an environmental check (e.g., Is the intravenous line patent? Are the side rails up? Does the patient have the call light within reach?). Because it is a quick physical check on the patient, the nurse can ensure the patient's room is in good condition and the patient is safe and then check on other patients.

ED Bedside Shift Report Using SBAR(T) Format

S = s	ituation	B = background A = assessment R = recommendation T = thank you	
	Offgoing	g Nurse-	
S	7	Manage Up-—"I'm going home now. Samantha will be your nurse for the next shift. I've	
		worked with Samantha for five years and I can tell you I'm leaving you in good hands. I	
		always hear such nice things about her from her patients."	
		ng Nurse-	
	7	Introduce self using AIDET (Acknowledge, Introduce, Duration, Explanation, Thank You)	
	7	Update white board	
		Check armband while asking patient to state his/her name and date of birth	
	Offgoing Nurse-		
B	7	Involve patient in change of shift report—"I'm about to give report to Samantha. Please	
		listen so at the end you can ask any questions or fill in any additional information that	
	_	Samantha will need to know to care for you during her shift."	
	7	Give a brief update on patient's chief complaint and what treatments/medications have been	
	_	provided	
	0.0000000	Update on any pending tests or treatments (i.e. lab/radiology)	
	Oncomi		
		ng Nurse-	
	▼ Ask patient if they have any questions Offgoing Nurse-		
A		Give explanation—"We are going to do a quick physical assessment together since we are	
	,	changing shifts."	
	7	Inform the oncoming nurse of what you have assessed and or noted during your shift	
	7		
	Oncoming Nurse-		
	7		
	7	Conduct a quick physical assessment and check all IV sites/pumps for accuracy	
	7	Assess patient's pain using a pain scale	
R	Offgoing Nurse-		
	7	Review all orders and plan of care with oncoming nurse (tests, treatments, medication	
		therapy, IV sites/meds)	
	7	Include relevant medications that have been ordered and any ancillary or support services	
	0.0020	that are working with the patient such as respiratory therapy, radiology, social services, etc.)	
	7	Ask the patient- "Do you have any questions? Is there anything else the nurse needs to	
		know at this time?"	
	Oncoming Nurse-		
	Y	Validate orders/plan of care	
		Ask any questions of offgoing nurse	
	i nank ti	ne Patient-	
_	Offgoing	g and Oncoming Nurse- Prior to leaving the room, ask the patient the following:	
		Is your pain under control?	
	7	Do you understand the plan of care?	
	7		
		Do you have any concerns we can address?	
	Use Closing Key Words-		
		Offgoing Nurse- "Samantha will take very good care of you. Thank you for allowing me to	
		care for you today."	
	7	Oncoming Nurse- "Is there anything you need right now? I'll be back to check on you in	
		about an hour."	
	S1		

FIGURE 1

ED bedside shift report using SBAR(T) format. IV, intravenous; meds, medications.

- A way to transfer trust. Bedside shift report is a warm handoff, allowing the patient to say goodbye and thank the nurse who has cared for him or her during his or her stay.
- Mentoring for new nurses. It is good discipline for another nurse to review a new nurse's documentation, physically see their patients, and review their assessments, medication therapy, and environmental factors

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