CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAM

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pen to all licensed U.S. dentists, JADA's monthly Continuing Education Program now offers Journal readers a chance to earn up to four (4) CE credits each month—double the previous total. Four articles in each issue of JADA are designated as CE vehicles, identified with our CE logo. Read one or more of the articles and answer the related questions in this section. If you correctly answer three of the four questions per article, you now earn one (1) hour of CE credit per article or a total of four (4) credit hours for all four articles. This is effective as of March 2013 for all active CE tests (in other words, the current month and the previous 11 months).



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Any questions? Call 1-800-736-1911.

CE ARTICLE 1–PAGES 924-930

NOXIOUS FAMILY ENVIRONMENTS IN RELATION TO ADULT AND CHILDHOOD CARIES

1. Which one of the following was significantly associated with caries among female participants in this study?

- A. male-to-female observed hostility
- B. male-to-female physical aggression
- C. male-to-female emotional aggression
- D. mother-to-child overreactive discipline
- 2. Which one of the following was significantly associated with oral health impact profile scores among male participants in this study?
 - A. female-to-male observed hostility
 - B. female-to-male physical aggression
 - C. female-to-male emotional aggression
 - D. father-to-child overreactive discipline

- 3. Which one of the following was significantly associated with caries among children participating in this study?
 - A. father-to-child overreactive discipline
 - B. mother-to-child overreactive discipline
 - C. male-to-female physical aggression
 - D. female-to-male emotional aggression
- 4. For every one standard deviation increase in the mothers' emotional aggression toward the fathers, what increase in the number of carious lesions was noted among children?
 - A. 5.9 additional lesions
 - B. 3.1 additional lesions
 - C. 1.9 additional lesions
 - D. 0.6 additional lesions

CE ARTICLE 2–PAGES 932-939

COUNTY-LEVEL CORRELATION BETWEEN ADULT OBESITY RATES AND PREVALENCE OF DENTISTS

- 1. What percentage of adults in this study was obese?
 - A. 36.29 percent
 - B. 33.41 percent
 - C. 30.33 percent
 - D. 27.55 percent

2. Each of the following was associated significantly with a higher obesity rate except which one?

- A. higher percentage of adults reporting no leisure-time physical activity
- B. higher percentage of fast-food restaurants as a proportion of all restaurants
- C. lower prevalence of recreational facilities
- D. higher percentage of population reporting Hispanic ethnicity
- 3. In counties in which at least 25 percent of children lived in poverty, what difference in the percentage of adults who were obese was associated with one additional dentist per 10,000 population?
 - A. 1.98 percent decrease
 - B. 1.73 percent decrease
 - C. 1.23 percent decrease
 - D. 1.11 percent decrease
- 4. In counties with more than 0.3 primary care physicians per 10,000 population, what difference in the percentage of adults who were obese was associated with one additional dentist per 10,000 population?
 - A. 1.98 percent decrease
 - B. 1.73 percent decrease
 - C. 1.23 percent decrease
 - D. 1.11 percent decrease

CE ARTICLE 3-PAGES 941-948

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN VARIOUS PARAMETERS OF COMPLETE DENTURE QUALITY AND PATIENTS' SATISFACTION

- 1. What percentage of participants' dentures were rated as "acceptable" by the clinicians in terms of overall clinical quality across the seven items scored?
 - A. 93 percent
 - B. 81 percent
 - C. 77 percent
 - D. 70 percent

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