

Browsing the Literature

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Source: Rangelands, 36(1):31-33. 2014.

Published By: Society for Range Management

DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.2111/RANGELANDS-D-13-00080.1>

URL: <http://www.bioone.org/doi/full/10.2111/RANGELANDS-D-13-00080.1>

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By Jeff Mosley

Browsing the Literature

This section reviews new publications available about the art and science of rangeland management. Personal copies of these publications can be obtained by contacting the respective publishers or senior authors (addresses shown in parentheses). Suggestions are welcomed and encouraged for items to include in future issues of *Browsing the Literature*. Contact Jeff Mosley, jmosley@montana.edu.

Animal Ecology

A long-term assessment of the effect of winter severity on the food habits of white-tailed deer. G. D. Delgiudice, B. A. Sampson, and J. H. Giudice. 2013. *Journal of Wildlife Management* 77:1664–1675. (Minnesota Dept of Natural Resources, 5463 West Broadway, Forest Lake, MN 55025, USA). In areas where white-tailed deer seek dense forest cover to avoid deep snow, habitat management should promote shrub growth adjacent to patches of dense forest.

Evaluating greater sage-grouse seasonal space use relative to leks: implications for surface use designations in sagebrush ecosystems. P. S. Coates, M. L. Casazza, E. J. Blomberg, S. C. Gardner, S. P. Espinosa, J. L. Yee, L. Wiechman, and B. J. Halstead. 2013. *Journal of Wildlife Management* 77:1598–1609. (US Geological Survey, 800 Business Park Dr, Suite D, Dixon, CA 95620, USA). Across all seasons of the year combined, 90% of the total area used by nonmigratory greater sage-grouse was within 3 miles of leks, and 95% of all nests were within 3 miles of leks.

Golden eagle population trends in the western United States: 1968–2010. B. A. Millsap, G. S. Zimmerman, J. R. Sauer, R. M. Nielsen, M. Otto, E. Bjerre, and R. Murphy. 2013. *Journal of Wildlife Management* 77:1436–1448. (US Fish and Wildlife Service, 2105 Osuna Rd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87113, USA). The golden eagle population in the western United States was stable from 1968 to 2010.

Landscape-scale features affecting small mammal assemblages on the northern Great Plains of North America. L. M. Heisler, C. M. Somers, T. I. Wellicome, and R. G. Poulin. 2013. *Journal of Mammalogy* 94:1059–1067. (R. Poulin, Royal Saskatchewan Museum, 2340 Albert St, Regina, SK S4P 4W7, Canada). Composition of small mammal communities in the northern Great Plains is largely determined by the combination of soil texture and precipitation regime.

Regional and seasonal patterns of nutritional condition and reproduction in elk. R. C. Cook, J. G. Cook, D. J. Vales, B. K. Johnson, S. M. McCorquodale, L. A. Shipley, R. A. Riggs, L. L. Irwin, S. L. Murphie, B. L. Murphie, K. A. Schoenecker, F. Geyer, P. B. Hall, R. D. Spencer, D. A. Immell, D. H. Jackson, B. L. Tiller, P. J. Miller, and L. Schmitz. 2013. *Wildlife Monographs* 184:1–45. (National Council for Air and Stream Improvement, 1401 Gekeler Lane, La Grande, OR 97850, USA). Adequacy of nutrition from April through

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