



A multi-technique approach by XRD, XRF, FT-IR to characterize the diagenesis of dinosaur bones from Spain

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ABSTRACT

A combined investigation by X-ray fluorescence (XRF), Fourier Transform Infrared spectroscopy (FT-IR), Raman spectroscopy and powder X-ray Diffraction (XRD), supplemented with the Rietveld analysis, was conducted on sixty Spanish dinosaur bone specimens from Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous to Upper Cretaceous age to investigate taphonomy and diagenetic processes. The diffraction approach assessed in all specimens the presence of fluorapatite at various levels of percentage as the mineral phase constituting the fossil bone. In addition to fluorapatite, calcite and quartz were also found as main secondary phases in many specimens. The infrared spectra of fossil bones show significant changes in the phosphate and carbonate band intensity with respect to a non-fossil bone. Conversely, the X-ray fluorescence spectra turned out to be mainly dominated by the presence of Ca, obviously accompanied by phosphorus. Simultaneously, other elements accompanying Ca, such as Fe and Sr were found at significant concentration levels. A considerable amount of Fe and Sr ions were incorporated in the structure of fluorapatite, but when their concentration was found elevated in the fluorescence spectrum, the diffraction data revealed the presence of goethite (FeOOH) and celestite (SrSO_4) phases. While the X-ray diffraction phase analysis also revealed the presence of kaolinite, dolomite, barite and gypsum, in some fluorescence spectra further elements like Y, As, Pb, Ti, Mn, Cr, Cu, Zn were present in concentration at trace level. The introduction/substitution of new elements with the infiltration of new phases due to diagenesis is also affecting to various extent the Raman and FT-IR spectra with modification of some bands and/or the appearance of new bands. The average crystallite size of the "apatitic" constituent phase was found to vary from a minimum of ca. 183 Å to an upper level of 2107 Å. No systematic relation between apatite crystallite size and age of the dinosaur bones was found that suggests a high variability of diagenetic processes affecting the growth of bone crystallites even in the same site.

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1. Introduction

The study about chemical and mineralogical composition of fossil animal and human bones may be a precious source of information about the past. However, a large fraction of these studies have focused on archaeological samples and biomaterials and only to a little extent on dinosaur fossils (Zocco and Schwartz, 1994; Hubert et al., 1996; Bocherens, 1997; Trueman et al., 2003a, 2003b; Tütken et al., 2004;

Fricke et al., 2008; Dumont et al., 2011; Heuser et al., 2011; Pfretzschner and Tütken, 2011; Tütken, 2011). Changes involving the structure and chemical composition of bones may occur in two different periods, i.e., first during the animal's life, and second during the fossilization process. The time scale of these two stages may be incommensurable and a distinction is made between biostratinomy and fossil diagenesis. During the biostratinomic stage, micro-organisms and other biotic processes can attack the organic and inorganic content of bones, degrading mineral bone phases (e.g. Trueman and Martill, 2002; Jans et al., 2004). In addition, abiotic factors can degrade the bones both before or after burial (e.g. Denys, 2002). If the bones are not subjected to microbial or biotic erosion or the processes are affected by drastic physical or chemical changes, fossilization may occur soon after burial (Trueman and Martill, 2002; Pfretzschner, 2004; Farlow and Argast, 2006).

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Table 1

List of the Spanish dinosaur bones with classification, geological period and provenance location.

Sample code	Classification	Epoch and geological stage	Formation and basin	Location
Serrat del Corb	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Isona
Serrat-R2	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl Basin	(Lleida)
Molí del Baró	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Isona
La Penella	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl Basin	Peramola
Lo Bas	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Abella de la Conca
La Llau de Bas	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Abella de la Conca
Nerets	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Villamitjana
Pous	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Basturs
Basturs Poble	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Basturs
Basturs Poble-07	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Basturs
Boiga	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Conques
Peguera 1-Figols	Dinosauria (Hadrosauria)	Upper Cretaceous (Maastrichtian)	Trempl	Figols
Psm-Mila	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo; Southwestern Iberian Basin	Puebla de San Miguel (Valencia)
Psm-Maite	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Puebla de San Miguel (Valencia)
Psm-Andres	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Puebla de San Miguel (Valencia)
Psm-Carles	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Puebla de San Miguel (Valencia)
CerroTadon	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
HTC04-3	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
Rascaña	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
Yac-David	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
Corral de Marin	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
229	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
Losilla	Dinosauria (Eusauropoda)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
Aras de Alpuente	Dinosauria (Eusauropoda)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
La Ventura	Dinosauria (Eusauropoda)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	Alpuente (Valencia)
El Collado	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	La Cuevarruz (Valencia)
El Collado 1	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous	Fm. Villar del Arzobispo;	La Cuevarruz (Valencia)
Patiras	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Todolella (Castellón)
SAV-39	Dinosauria (Eusauropoda)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
SAV-67	Dinosauria (Eusauropoda)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
Povet	Dinosauria (Ornithopoda)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
Camino	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
EAP 38	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
EAP 40-39	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
EAP 43	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Morella (Castellón)
Comptadors A1	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Cinctores (Castellón)
Todolella 1	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Todolella (Castellón)
Torre Julian	Dinosauria (unclassified)	Lower Cretaceous (Aptian)	Arcillas de Morella	Todolella (Castellón)
			Maestrat Basin	

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