



A generalization of Jain's operators



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ABSTRACT

In this paper, we introduce a generalization of Jain's operators based on a function ρ . We examine convergence properties of such operators and prove a Voronovskaya type result.

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1. Introduction

In [8], Jain proposed a new class of positive linear operators with the help of a Poisson type distribution as follows:

$$P_n^{[\beta]}(f; x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right) w_{\beta}(k, nx), \quad x \geq 0, n \in \mathbb{N},$$

where

$$w_{\beta}(k, nx) = nx(nx + k\beta)^{k-1} \frac{e^{-(nx+k\beta)}}{k!}, \quad 0 \leq \beta < 1$$

and

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} w_{\beta}(k, nx) = 1,$$

and studied convergence property and the order of approximation of these operators on a finite closed interval of \mathbb{R}^+ under the restriction $\beta \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Later, Farcaş [4] proved a Voronovskaya type theorem for Jain's operators. Recently, in [1], Agratini obtained local approximation results and statistical convergence property of the positive linear operators $P_n^{[\beta]}$. Note that when $\beta = 0$ the operators defined by Jain reduce to the well known Szász–Mirakyan operators

$$S_n(f; x) = e^{-nx} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right) \frac{(nx)^k}{k!}, \quad x \geq 0, n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

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In 2014, Aral et al. [2] introduced a generalization of Szász–Mirakyan operators based on a function ρ as

$$\begin{aligned} S_n^\rho(f; x) &= e^{-n\rho(x)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (f \circ \rho^{-1}) \left(\frac{k}{n} \right) \frac{(n\rho(x))^k}{k!} \\ &= (S_n(f \circ \rho^{-1}) \circ \rho)(x) \\ &= e^{-n\rho(x)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f \left(\rho^{-1} \left(\frac{k}{n} \right) \right) \frac{(n\rho(x))^k}{k!}, \end{aligned}$$

where ρ is a function such that

(ρ_1) ρ is a continuously differentiable function on \mathbb{R}^+

(ρ_2) $\rho(0) = 0$, $\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^+} \rho'(x) \geq 1$.

We observe from the above conditions we have $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \rho(x) = \infty$ and $|t - x| \leq |\rho(t) - \rho(x)|$ for all $x, t \in \mathbb{R}^+$. The authors proved a weighted convergence theorem and a Voronovskaya type theorem and also obtained the degree of approximation by means of the weighted modulus of continuity for these operators. Moreover, they studied some preservation properties of $S_n^\rho(f; x)$.

Motivated with this work, we consider a generalization of the linear positive operators $p_n^{[\beta]}(f; x)$ as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} S_n^{\beta, \rho}(f; x) &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (f \circ \rho^{-1}) \left(\frac{k}{n} \right) w_\beta(k, n\rho(x)) \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f \left(\rho^{-1} \left(\frac{k}{n} \right) \right) w_\beta(k, n\rho(x)), \quad x \geq 0, n \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned} \quad (1.1)$$

where $w_\beta(k, n\rho(x))$ defined as in $p_n^{[\beta]}(f; x)$ and the function ρ has the properties given by (ρ_1) and (ρ_2). Note that for $\beta = 0$ and additionally $\rho(x) = x$ the operators $S_n^{\beta, \rho}(f; x)$ turn out to be the operators $S_n^\rho(f; x)$ and $S_n(f; x)$, respectively.

In the present paper, we firstly introduce convergence property via weighted Korovkin type theorem given in [5,6] and find an estimate with the help of the weighted modulus of continuity defined in [7]. Furthermore, we prove a Voronovskaya type result for the operators $S_n^{\beta, \rho}(f; x)$.

2. Convergence of $S_n^{\beta, \rho}(f; x)$

Firstly, we introduce some auxiliary results.

Lemma 2.1. For the operators defined by (1.1) we have

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(1; x) = 1 \quad (2.1)$$

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(\rho; x) = \frac{\rho(x)}{1 - \beta} \quad (2.2)$$

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(\rho^2; x) = \frac{\rho^2(x)}{(1 - \beta)^2} + \frac{\rho(x)}{n(1 - \beta)^3} \quad (2.3)$$

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(\rho^3; x) = \frac{\rho^3(x)}{(1 - \beta)^3} + \frac{3\rho^2(x)}{n(1 - \beta)^4} + \frac{(2\beta + 1)\rho(x)}{n^2(1 - \beta)^5} \quad (2.4)$$

and

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(\rho^4; x) = \frac{\rho^4(x)}{(1 - \beta)^4} + \frac{6\rho^3(x)}{n(1 - \beta)^5} + \frac{(8\beta + 7)\rho^2(x)}{n^2(1 - \beta)^6} + \frac{(6\beta^2 + 8\beta + 1)\rho(x)}{n^3(1 - \beta)^7}. \quad (2.5)$$

Using the recurrence formula given in [8] it can be proved. So we omit it. Now from the linearity of the operators $S_n^{\beta, \rho}(f; x)$ we can state the following lemma.

Lemma 2.2. For the operators defined by (1.1) we have

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}(\rho(t) - \rho(x); x) = \frac{\beta\rho(x)}{1 - \beta} \quad (2.6)$$

$$S_n^{\beta, \rho}((\rho(t) - \rho(x))^2; x) = \frac{\beta^2\rho^2(x)}{(1 - \beta)^2} + \frac{\rho(x)}{n(1 - \beta)^3} \quad (2.7)$$

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