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Complex analysis

The weighted log canonical thresholds of toric plurisubharmonic functions



Seuils log canoniques pondérés des fonctions plurisousharmoniques toriques

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ABSTRACT

In this article, we compute the weighted log canonical thresholds of toric plurisubharmonic functions, i.e. convex increasing functions of the logarithms of the absolute values of their complex arguments.

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RÉSUMÉ

Dans cet article, nous calculons les seuils log canoniques pondérés des fonctions plurisousharmoniques toriques, c'est-à-dire s'exprimant comme des fonctions convexes croissantes des logarithmes des modules de leurs arguments complexes.

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1. Introduction and main results

Let Ω be a domain in \mathbb{C}^n and φ in the set $PSH(\Omega)$ of plurisubharmonic functions on Ω . Following Demailly and Kollár [6], we introduce the log canonical threshold of φ at a point $z_0 \in \Omega$:

$$c_{\varphi}(z_0) = \sup\{c > 0: e^{-2c\varphi} \text{ is } L^1(\mathrm{d}V_{2n}) \text{ on a neighborhood of } z_0\} \in (0, +\infty],$$

where dV_{2n} is the Lebesgue measure in \mathbb{C}^n . It is an invariant of the singularity of φ at z_0 . We refer to [1,3–7,9,10,8,13] for further information about this number. For every non-negative Radon measure μ on Ω , we introduce the weighted log canonical threshold of φ with weight μ at z_0 :

$$c_{\varphi,\mu}(z_0) = \sup\{c > 0 : e^{-2c\varphi} \text{ is } L^1(d\mu) \text{ on a neighborhood of } z_0\} \in [0, +\infty].$$

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For every φ in the set PSH⁻(Δ^n) of negative plurisubharmonic functions on the polydisc Δ^n , we consider Kiselman's refined Lelong numbers of φ at 0 (see [2,12]):

$$v_{\varphi}(x) = \lim_{t \to -\infty} \frac{\max\{\varphi(z) : |z_1| = e^{tx_1}, \dots, |z_n| = e^{tx_n}\}}{t}.$$

This function is increasing in each variable x_i and concave on $\mathbb{R}^n_+ = [0, +\infty)^n$. We set

$$\bar{\varphi}(z) = -\nu_{\varphi} \left(-\ln|z_1|, ..., -\ln|z_n| \right).$$

We have $\varphi \leq \bar{\varphi}$ and $\bar{\varphi}$ is a function in the set TPSH⁻(Δ^n) of toric negative plurisubharmonic functions on Δ^n , it mean that $\bar{\varphi}(z) = \bar{\varphi}(|z_1|,...,|z_n|)$ depends only on $|z_1|,...,|z_n|$.

For each function $f(z)=a_{\alpha^1}z^{\alpha^1}+a_{\alpha^2}z^{\alpha^2}+...$ (with $a_{\alpha^k}\neq 0$) in the ring $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^n,0}$ of germs of holomorphic functions at 0, we define \mathcal{I}_f to be the ideal generated by $\{z^{\alpha^1},z^{\alpha^2},...\}$. From Noetherian property of the ring $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^n,0}$, \mathcal{I}_f is generated by finite elements $\{z^{\alpha^1},z^{\alpha^2},...,z^{\alpha^m}\}$. The main result is contained in the following theorem, which is a generalization of Theorem 5.8 in [12] (see also [11] for similar results in an algebraic context).

Main theorem. Let $\varphi \in \text{TPSH}^-(\Delta^n)$ and a non-negative Radon measure μ on Δ^n . Assume that $\mu(\Delta_{r_1} \times ... \times \Delta_{r_n}) = O(1) \times \sum_{k=1}^m r_1^{2s_{k1}} ... r_n^{2s_{kn}} (s_{k1}, ..., s_{kn} > 0, \ \forall 1 \leq k \leq m)$ for all $r_1, ..., r_n > 0$, where O(1) is a positive constant and Δ_r is the disc of center 0 and radius r. Then

$$c_{\varphi,\mu}(0) = \left(\max \left\{ \nu_{\varphi}(x) : x \in \mathbb{R}^n_+, \ \exists k = 1, ..., m, \sum_{j=1}^n s_{kj} x_j = 1 \right\} \right)^{-1}.$$

Corollary. Let $\varphi \in \text{TPSH}^-(\Delta^n)$ and $f \in \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^n,0}$. Assume that \mathcal{I}_f is generated by $\{z^{\alpha^1},z^{\alpha^2},...,z^{\alpha^m}\}$ with $\alpha^k = (\alpha_1^k,...,\alpha_n^k)$. Then for all p > 0 we have:

$$c_{\varphi,|f|^{2p}dV_{2n}}(0) = \left(\max\left\{\nu_{\varphi}(x) : x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}_{+}, \exists k = 1, ..., m, \sum_{i=1}^{n} (p\alpha_{j}^{k} + 1)x_{j} = 1\right\}\right)^{-1}.$$

2. Proof of the main theorem

It follows that

First, we need the following lemmas.

Lemma 2.1. i) Let $\varphi \in TPSH^-(\Delta^n)$. Then for all $\epsilon > 0$, there exists $\delta > 0$ and C < 0 such that

$$\varphi(z) \ge \bar{\varphi}(z) + \epsilon \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \ln|z_j|\right) + C, \quad \forall z \in \Delta_{\delta}^{n}.$$

ii) Let $\varphi \in \text{TPSH}^-(\Delta^n)$ and a non-negative Radon measure μ on Δ^n . Assume that $c_{\ln |z_j|,\mu}(0) > 0$ for all $1 \le j \le n$. Then $c_{\varphi,\mu}(0) = c_{\bar{\varphi},\mu}(0)$.

Proof. i) Take $0 < \epsilon_1 < \epsilon$. Since $\lim_{r \to 0} \frac{\varphi(r,...,r)}{\ln r} = \nu_{\varphi}(1,...,1) = e_1(\varphi)$, we can find $\delta > 0$ such that

 $\varphi(r,...,r) \ge (e_1(\varphi) + \epsilon_1) \ln r, \quad \forall r \in (0,\delta).$

$$\varphi(z) \ge \varphi\left(\min_{1 \le j \le n} |z_j|, \dots, \min_{1 \le j \le n} |z_j|\right) \ge \left(e_1(\varphi) + \epsilon_1\right) \ln\left(\min_{1 \le j \le n} |z_j|\right) \ge \left(e_1(\varphi) + \epsilon_1\right) \sum_{j=1}^n \ln|z_j|, \quad \forall z \in \Delta_\delta^n. \tag{1}$$

Set $\Sigma = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n_+ : \sum_{j=1}^n x_j = 1\}$. Since $\lim_{t \to -\infty} \frac{\varphi(e^{tx_1}, \dots, e^{tx_n})}{t} = \nu_{\varphi}(x)$, for each $x \in \Sigma$, we can find t(x) < 0 such that $\varphi(e^{tx_1}, \dots, e^{tx_n}) \ge \left[\nu_{\varphi}(x) + \epsilon_1\right]t$, $\forall t \le t(x)$.

Set $C(x) = \varphi(e^{t(x)x_1}, ..., e^{t(x)x_n})$. We have:

$$\varphi(e^{tx_1}, ..., e^{tx_n}) \ge [\nu_{\varphi}(x) + \epsilon_1]t + C(x), \quad \forall t \le 0.$$

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