



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

## Data in Brief

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/dib](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/dib)

## Data Article

# Data on characterization of nano- and micro-structures resulting from glycine betaine surfactant/kappa-carrageenan interactions by Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy

Cédric Gaillard<sup>a,\*</sup>, Yunhui Wang<sup>b,c</sup>, Rudy Covis<sup>b,c</sup>,  
Thomas Vives<sup>b,c</sup>, Maud Benoit<sup>d</sup>, Thierry Benvegnu<sup>b,c,\*\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> U.R. 1268 Biopolymères Interactions Assemblages INRA BP-71, 627 Rue de la Géraudière, 44316 Nantes Cedex 3, France

<sup>b</sup> Ecole Nationale Supérieure de Chimie de Rennes, CNRS UMR6226, 11 allée de Beaulieu, CS50837, 35708 Rennes Cedex 7, France

<sup>c</sup> Université de Bretagne Loire, France

<sup>d</sup> Centre d'étude et de Valorisation des Algues, Presqu'île de Pen Lan – BP3, 22610 Pleubian, France

## ARTICLE INFO

## Article history:

Received 27 August 2016

Received in revised form

12 September 2016

Accepted 19 September 2016

Available online 22 September 2016

## Keywords:

Glycine betaine surfactant/kappa-carrageenan complexes

Nano- and micro-structures

Electrostatic interactions

Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy

## ABSTRACT

This article contains data on the Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy (LSCM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) images related to multi-scaled self-assemblies resulting from 'green' cationic glycine betaine surfactant/anionic kappa-carrageenan interactions. These data gave clear evidence of the evolution of the micron-, nano-sized structures obtained at two surfactant/polymer molar ratios (3.5 and 0.8) and after the dilution of the aqueous dispersions with factors of 5 and 10 times. This data article is related to the research article entitled, "Monitoring the architecture of anionic  $\kappa$ -carrageenan/cationic glycine betaine amide surfactant assemblies by dilution: A multiscale approach" (Gaillard et al., 2017) [1].

© 2016 The Authors. Published by Elsevier Inc. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

DOI of original article: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.carbpol.2016.08.027>

\* Corresponding author.

\*\* Corresponding author at: Université de Bretagne Loire, France.

E-mail addresses: [cedric.gaillard@nantes.inra.fr](mailto:cedric.gaillard@nantes.inra.fr) (C. Gaillard), [thierry.benvegnu@ensc-rennes.fr](mailto:thierry.benvegnu@ensc-rennes.fr) (T. Benvegnu).

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2016.09.026>

2352-3409/© 2016 The Authors. Published by Elsevier Inc. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

## Specifications Table

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Subject area               | <i>Chemistry, Material Sciences, Soft Matter</i>  |
| More specific subject area | <i>Structural analysis of nano-, micro- structures</i>  |
| Type of data               | <i>Figures</i>  |
| How data was acquired      | <i>Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy (LSCM, Inverted Nikon A1 laser scanning confocal microscope (LSCM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM, JEOL JEM-1230 operated at 80 kV and equipped with a LaB6 filament</i>   |
| Data format                | <i>Analyzed</i>   |
| Experimental factors       | <i>LSCM: Aqueous dispersions of the surfactant/polysaccharide complexes were stained with 0.02% w/w acridine orange<br/>TEM: Sample-coated TEM grid was successively placed on a drop of an aqueous solution of uranyl acetate (2% w/w) for negatively staining, and on a drop of distilled water for rinsing. The grid was then air-dried before introducing them in the electron microscope</i>   |
| Experimental features      | <i>LSCM: samples viewed with Plan Fluor 4 × or 10 × Nikon objectives or with Plan Apo 20 × or 40 × Nikon objective by scanning using excitations brought about by the 488 nm emission and 561 nm emission lines of the He–Ne laser, and light emission was collected via a photomultiplier through a 500–530 nm and 570–620 nm band-pass filters, respectively. Images were processed using the NIS-Element<br/>TEM: micrographs were recorded on a Gatan 1.35 K × 1.04 K × 12 bit ES500W CCD camera.</i> |
| Data source location       | <i>U.R. 1268 Biopolymères Interactions Assemblages INRA BP-71, 627 Rue de la Géraudière, 44316 Nantes Cedex 3, France</i>   |
| Data accessibility         | <i>Data is with this article</i>  |

## Value of the data

- The given data provide structural information of particles based on multi-components at the micron- and nanometer scale range by using Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy (LSCM) [2–4], and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM).
- The data provided by us help to understand the mechanism of formation of self-assemblies resulting from electrostatic interactions between multi-components.
- The data provided by us show influence of dilution on the architecture of assemblies composed of anionic polymers/cationic surfactants derived from renewable resources.
- The given data are useful to other researchers for developing applications of multi-scaled self-assemblies by mixing simply polymers and surfactants of opposite charge.

## 1. Data

Data refers to the LSCM and TEM experiments of 100% bio-sourced glycine betaine (GB) surfactant possessing a C<sub>18:1</sub> oleic fatty chain and kappa-carrageenan under pure forms in aqueous solutions (Fig. 1) or after their mixing at two different GB surfactant/κ-carrageenan molar ratios equal to 3.5 (sample A1: Figs. 2 and 3) and 0.8 (sample B1: Figs. 8 and 9) and after a dilution with a factor of 5 (ratio 3.5 (sample A2): Figs. 4 and 5; ratio 0.8 (sample B2): Figs. 10 and 11) and 10 (ratio 3.5 (sample A3): Figs. 6 and 7; ratio 0.8 (sample B3): Figs. 12 and 13) times. TEM observation shows the gradual dissociation of assemblies' nanostructures whereas LSCM identifies the distribution of cationic surfactant and anionic polysaccharide.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4765461>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/4765461>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)