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Data Article

# Data on fluoride concentration level in villages of Asara (Alborz, Iran) and daily fluoride intake based on drinking water consumption



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#### ABSTRACT

In the present data article, fluoride concentration levels of drinking water (with spring or groundwater sources) in 10 villages of Asara area located in Alborz province were determined by the standard SPADNS method using a spectrophotometer (DR/2000 Spectrophotometer, USA). Daily fluoride intakes were also calculated based on daily drinking water consumption. The fluoride content were compared with EPA and WHO guidelines for drinking water. © 2016 The Authors. Published by Elsevier Inc. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).

## **Specifications Table**

Subject area	Chemistry
More specific	Daily fluoride intake
subject area	
Type of data	Table and figure

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How data was acquired	Spectrophotometer (DR/2000 Spectrophotometer, USA)
Data format	Raw, analyzed
Experimental factors	All water samples in polyethylene bottles were stored in a dark place at room temperature until the fluoride analysis.
Experimental features	Determine the concentration levels of fluoride
Data source location	Asara area, Alborz, Iran
Data accessibility	Data are included in this article

# Value of the data

- Data can be used as a base-line data for concentration levels of the fluoride in spring and groundwater.
- The data shown here will be informative for health policy makers by assigning interception actions against adverse health effects of fluoride with considering fluoride intake by drinking water and food.
- Data shown here may serve as benchmarks for other groups working in the field of water, food, and toxicology to compute organic and inorganic daily intakes by drinking water as well as food consumption.

### 1. Data

In the Asara area of Alborz province the concentration levels of fluoride in their drinking water sources (spring and groundwater) ranged from 0.1–3.19 mg/L (Mean 0.763). As seen in Table 1, it shows that the average daily intakes of fluoride based on 2 liter daily drinking water consumption [1] reached 1.52 with a range of 1.02–2.7 mg/day. As shown in Table 1, the mean concentration levels of fluoride in drinking water of all villages were below than the EPA, and WHO drinking water guidelines.

#### Table 1

Mean concentration levels of fluoride (mg/l) in drinking water of the Asara area of Alborz province, comparison with EPA and WHO guidelines for drinking water, and daily fluoride intakes.

Village	Source	Fluoride concentration (mg/L)		Daily intake
		Range	Mean	(mg/uay)
Sorkhedar	Spring	0.19–1.53	$0.73 \pm 0.51$	1.46
Sarvedar	Spring	0.15-1.48	$0.7\pm0.52$	1.4
Khor	Spring	0.14-1.54	$0.55\pm0.54$	1.1
Kondor	Spring	0.15-1.28	$0.54 \pm 0.44$	1.08
Moroud	Spring	0.16-1.09	$0.51 \pm 0.33$	1.02
Nashtroud	Spring	0.15-1.28	$0.55 \pm 0.5$	1.1
Abharak	Spring	0.1-3.19	$0.73 \pm 1.2$	1.46
Shahrestanak	Groundwater	0.2-3.11	$0.99 \pm 1.06$	1.98
Rey Zamin	Groundwater	0.75-2.68	$1.35\pm0.71$	2.7
Koshke Bala	Spring	0.23-2.13	$0.98\pm0.71$	1.96
Minimum value	-	0.1	0.51	1.02
Maximum value	-	3.19	1.35	2.7
Average value	-	-	0.763	1.52
EPA standard	-	2	-	-
WHO standard	-	1.5	-	-

\*Based on 2 liter daily drinking water consumption and concentration levels of fluoride in drinking waters.

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