Accepted Manuscript

Regular terpolymers with benzothiadiazole side groups for improving the performances of polymer solar cells

Chao Weng, Huan Guo, Zhiquan Zhang, Jian Zhang, Bin Zhao, Songting Tan

PII: S0143-7208(17)30473-4

DOI: 10.1016/j.dyepig.2017.04.052

Reference: DYPI 5949

To appear in: Dyes and Pigments

Received Date: 7 March 2017
Revised Date: 26 March 2017
Accepted Date: 24 April 2017

Please cite this article as: Weng C, Guo H, Zhang Z, Zhang J, Zhao B, Tan S, Regular terpolymers with benzothiadiazole side groups for improving the performances of polymer solar cells, *Dyes and Pigments* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.dyepig.2017.04.052.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Regular terpolymers with benzothiadiazole side groups for improving the performances of polymer solar cells

Chao Weng^a, Huan Guo^a, Zhiquan Zhang^a, Jian Zhang^b, Bin Zhao^a, Songting Tan^{a,*}

^aKey Laboratory of Environmentally Friendly Chemistry and Applications of Ministry of Education, College of Chemistry, Xiangtan University, Xiangtan 411105, PR China

^bSchool of Material Science and Engineering, Guangxi Key Laboratory of Information Material, Guangxi Collaborative Innovation Center of Structure and Property for New Energy and Materials, Guilin University of Electronic Technology, Guilin 541004, PR China

Correspondence to: S. Tan (E-mail: tanst2008@163.com)

ABSTRACT: Three new random or regular terpolymers (ra-P1, re-P2, and re-P3) based on diketopyrrolopyrrole (DPP) and 5,6-difluorobenzo-[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (ffBT) as electron-deficient unit (A), alkylthienyl-substituted benzodithiophene (BDTT) as electron-rich units (D) have been designed and synthesized for donor materials in polymer solar cells. The differences on photophysical, electrochemical, and photovoltaic properties of these terpolymers have been investigated. Compared with random terpolymer ra-P1, regular terpolymer re-P2 has stronger absorption band range from 300 to 800 nm, higher hole mobility and more appropriate surface morphology. With increasing the quantity of DTffBT, regular terpolymer re-P3 showed more stronger absorption band in 300-600 nm compared to re-P2. The polymer solar cells have been fabricated by using these terpolymers as donor materials and [6,6]-phenyl-C₇₁-butyric acid methyl ester (PC₇₁BM) as the acceptor

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4765890

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4765890

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>