Accepted Manuscript



Title: Separation of indium from lead smelting hazardous dust via leaching and solvent extraction

Authors: Yuhui Zhang, Bingjie Jin, Baozhong Ma, Xiaoyan Feng

 PII:
 S2213-3437(17)30170-7

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.jece.2017.04.034

 Reference:
 JECE 1584

To appear in:

 Received date:
 7-2-2017

 Revised date:
 30-3-2017

 Accepted date:
 19-4-2017

Please cite this article as: Yuhui Zhang, Bingjie Jin, Baozhong Ma, Xiaoyan Feng, Separation of indium from lead smelting hazardous dust via leaching and solvent extraction, Journal of Environmental Chemical Engineeringhttp://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jece.2017.04.034

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Separation of indium from lead smelting hazardous dust via leaching and solvent extraction

Yuhui ZHANG ^{a, b}, Bingjie JIN ^{a, b}*, Baozhong MA ^{a, b, c†}, Xiaoyan FENG ^{a, b} ^a State Key Laboratory of Complex Nonferrous Metal Resources Clean Utilization, Kunming University of Science and Technology, 650093 Kunming, Yunnan, China

^b Faculty of Metallurgical and Energy Engineering, Kunming University of Science and Technology, 650093 Kunming, Yunnan, China

^c Beijing General Research Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Beijing 100160, China.

Highlights

- A new technique for separation and extraction of indium from LSHD was investigated.
- The optimum parameters of each procedure were obtained.
- > 99% Zn and 95% In were leached from LSHD by pressure sulfuric acid leaching.
- > 97% In was precipitated as indium-enriched residues from the 1st pressure leachate.
- > 96% In was re-leached by atmosphere sulfuric acid leaching and > 98% In was extracted by solvent extraction with D2EHPA.

ABSTRACT

A separation and extraction of indium from lead smelting hazardous dust (LSHD) was studied systematically. The novel technological keys included the pressure sulfuric acid leaching of LSHD, precipitation and enrichment of indium, atmosphere sulfuric acid leaching of indium-enriched residues and solvent extraction of indium. The optimum parameters of each procedure were obtained. More than 99% zinc and 95% indium were leached from LSHD by two-stage countercurrent pressure sulfuric acid leaching using the initial C_{H,SO_4} of the 1st stage 30-50 g/L, the initial C_{H,SO_4} of the

2nd stage 120-150 g/L, temperature 413-433 K, total pressure 0.6 - 1.0 Mpa, time 1 - 1.5 hours, L/S ratio 3-5/1 and agitation speed 400 r/min respectively. More than 97% indium was precipitated from the 1st pressure sulfuric acid leaching solution under the terminal neutralization pH 4.0, temperature 343-353 K and time 1 hour. More than 96% indium was re-leached by two-stage countercurrent atmosphere sulfuric acid leaching from the indium-enrichment residues using L/S ratio 3-5/1,

temperature 363 - 368 K, agitation speed 500 r/min, time 0.75-1.5 hours, the initial $_{C_{\rm H_{2}SO_4}}$ of the first

stage and the second stage atmosphere sulfuric acid leaching with 40-50 g/L and 90-110 g/L, respectively. More than 98% indium was extracted by three-stage solvent extraction using 30% (v/v) di(2-ethylhexyl)phosphoric acid (D2EHPA), phase ratio 1/6, time 1 minute and temperature 298 K.

[°]Corresponding author: Bingjie JIN, 8# mail box, Faculty of Metallurgical and Energy Engineering, Kunming University of Science and Technology, Kunming 650093, China.

E-mail addresses:jinbingjie18@163.com (B. JIN).

[†]Corresponding author: Baozhong MA, Beijing General Research Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Beijing 100160, China.

E-mail addresses:bzhma@126.com (B. MA).

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4908364

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4908364

Daneshyari.com