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Energy usage of forced air precooling of pomegranate fruit inside ventilated cartons

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12 Abstract

Energy usage is a crucial factor when computing the cost of storing produce. With the 13 ever-increasing cost of energy and attention to environmental problems, understanding energy 14 use and exploring energy saving options is becoming a priority for the economic sector. In this 15 study, the effect of container design, plastic liners and stack orientation on the airflow, cooling 16 rate and energy usage of forced air cooling of pomegranate fruit were investigated. Electricity 17 usage was calculated based on the power ratings of the air driving fan, evaporator fan, 18 compressor cooling fan and the condenser of the cooling unit with duration of power usage 19 dictated by the seven-eighth cooling time (SECT). SECT for different package types were 20 obtained from the cooling experiments. Efficiency of electricity usage was measured as the 21 ratio of produce cooling accomplished to the total electricity consumed. The energy usage 22 differed by 1.5-fold between container design 1 (CT1) and container design 2 (CT2). 23 Depending on the container design, stack orientation (with respect to the direction of the 24 cooling airflow) can influence the energy usage. Plastic liners affected the precooling process 25 26 the most, increasing energy usage by up to 3-fold compared to stacks with no liners. Container design with high vent-area reduced the resistance to airflow (RTA) and increased fruit cooling 27

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