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Development of a model for generating air-conditioner operation schedules in Malaysia

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8 Abstract

9 Accurate estimations of the stochastic natures of energy demand for air-conditioner (A/C) use, which are affected by 10 the diverse occupant behaviour, are needed, for the design and operation of residential cogeneration systems and $11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20$ distributed generation systems coupled with renewable energy sources and supply-demand management technologies. However past studies have mainly focused on developed countries, and knowledge of tropical regions, including many emerging countries with large populations, remains limited. We conducted field measurements of occupants' A/C usage behaviour in 38 dwellings in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Measured data were considered as a function of start and end times, duration, and frequency of A/C usage in each dwelling. Analysis showed that A/C events were rare during daytime; however, there was a drastic increase in the frequency of A/C usage at night. Based on this, a simple algorithm to synthesize stochastic time patterns of A/C operation schedules was developed. The validity of the model was demonstrated through comparison with observational data.

Keywords: stochastic model, occupant behaviour, field measurement, air-conditioner usage, dwellings

21 1. Introduction

22 It has become increasingly important to implement energy saving and CO₂ emission reduction 23 measures to counteract global warming. The residential sector is one of the main energy consumers, 24 accounting for about 30% of global energy demand [1]; therefore, improving the energy efficiency of 25 residential heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning (A/C) equipment (HVAC) is essential. Renewable 26 energy sources are expected to contribute positively towards a low carbon society; however, due to the 27 dependence of several renewable energy sources (e.g., photovoltaics) on weather conditions, their power 28 generation over time is generally unstable and may not coincide with the pattern of electricity demand, 29 resulting in the need for expensive storage batteries. Accurate estimation of time-series demand for 30 electricity, gas, hot water, and air-conditioning load all of which are strongly influenced by occupant 31 behaviour is important to achieve optimum design at affordable cost. 32 Over the past decade, there has been substantial research into the characteristics of occupant

33 adaptation behaviours that affect A/C load and energy consumption. For example, Fritsch et al. [2]

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