Accepted Manuscript

Comparison of periodic mesh and free mesh on the mechanical properties prediction of 3D braided composites

Chao Zhang, JL Curiel-Sosa, Tinh Quoc Bui

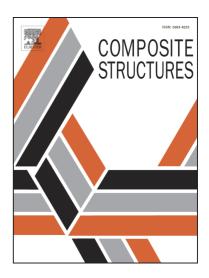
PII: S0263-8223(16)31279-X

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.compstruct.2016.10.012

Reference: COST 7838

To appear in: Composite Structures

Received Date: 21 July 2016
Revised Date: 4 October 2016
Accepted Date: 6 October 2016



Please cite this article as: Zhang, C., Curiel-Sosa, J., Bui, T.Q., Comparison of periodic mesh and free mesh on the mechanical properties prediction of 3D braided composites, *Composite Structures* (2016), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.compstruct.2016.10.012

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Comparison of periodic mesh and free mesh on the mechanical properties prediction of 3D braided composites

Chao Zhang^{a, *}, JL Curiel-Sosa^b, Tinh Quoc Bui^c

*Corresponding author: Chao Zhang, E-mail: zhangchao@ujs.edu.cn, Tel: +86 511 88780169, Fax: +86 511 88790627, Department of Mechanical Design, 301 Xuefu Road, Zhenjiang, 212013, Jiangsu, China

Abstract: Periodic unit-cells are the premises for applying the periodic boundary conditions in the meso-scale finite element analysis of textile composites. However, due to the extremely complicated microstructure, there is a conflict between high-quality quick mesh generation and efficient application of periodic boundary conditions. A freely generated mesh of the unit-cell combined with more general periodic boundary conditions is assumed to be a more practical approach. In this paper, the general periodic boundary conditions are imposed by establishing linear constraint equations between master surface nodes and slave surface nodes of the unit-cell on ABAQUS software platform. For the same unit-cell model of 3D braided composites with periodic mesh and free mesh, the deformation, stress distribution and the predicted stiffness and strength properties under typical loadings are compared. The numerical results obtained by means of free mesh unit-cell agree well with those using periodic mesh proving the effectiveness and practicability of the new approach. It can be remarked that the general periodic boundary conditions are suitable for the free mesh generation of unit-cells for a complicated microstructure reducing the difficulty of meshing and improving the quality of mesh generation.

Key words: 3D braided composites, unit-cell, periodic boundary conditions, textile composite, mesh generation, finite element analysis

^aSchool of Mechanical Engineering, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang, China

^bDepartment of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Sheffield, Sheffield, UK

^cDepartment of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4917946

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4917946

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>