Accepted Manuscript

An adaptive differential quadrature element method for large deformation contact problems involving curved beams with a finite number of contact points

Yu-Jia Hu, Ming Liu, Weidong Zhu, Cheng Jiang

PII: S0020-7683(17)30128-2 DOI: 10.1016/j.ijsolstr.2017.03.020

Reference: SAS 9509

To appear in: International Journal of Solids and Structures

Received date: 22 March 2016 Revised date: 3 March 2017



Please cite this article as: Yu-Jia Hu, Ming Liu, Weidong Zhu, Cheng Jiang, An adaptive differential quadrature element method for large deformation contact problems involving curved beams with a finite number of contact points, *International Journal of Solids and Structures* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.ijsolstr.2017.03.020

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

An adaptive differential quadrature element method for large deformation contact problems involving curved beams with a finite number of contact points

Yu-Jia Hu^a, Ming Liu^a, Weidong Zhu^b and Cheng Jiang^c

^aSchool of Mechanical Engineering, University of Shanghai for Science and Technology, Shanghai 200093, China

^bDepartment of Mechanical Engineering, University of Maryland, Baltimore County 1000 Hilltop Circle Baltimore, MD 21250, USA

^cDepartment of Architecture and Civil Engineering, City University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong SAR, China

Abstract

Contact problems involving large deformation of curved beams are difficult to analyze due to uncertainty of contact positions and strong nonlinearity. A nonlinear large-deformation model of curved beams is formulated in arc-length coordinates. A new adaptive differential quadrature element method (ADQEM) is proposed to predict contact positions of a curved beam with a finite number of contact points, where a dragging method and continuity conditions are combined to determine the contact positions. Simulation results show that the ADQEM greatly improves efficiency and accuracy of the large-deformation contact problem of the curved beam. The number of iterations in the present method does not greatly increase with the number of contact points.

Keywords curved beam; large deformation; contact points; ADQEM; dragging method

1. Introduction

Large-deformation contact of beams is a classical mechanical problem. Recently, with increased demand for studies in civil, aerospace and petroleum engineering, such as drill pipes, the large-deformation contact of beams has become an important topic

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4922566

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4922566

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>