Author's Accepted Manuscript

Season of Birth and Schizophrenia: Evidence from China

C. Wang, Y. Zhang



www.elsevier.com/locate/psvchres

PII: S0165-1781(16)31931-X

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2017.03.030 DOI:

PSY10397 Reference:

Psychiatry Research To appear in:

Received date: 16 November 2016 Revised date: 17 March 2017 Accepted date: 18 March 2017

Cite this article as: C. Wang and Y. Zhang, Season of Birth and Schizophrenia: Evidence from China, Psychiatry Research http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2017.03.030

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Season of Birth and Schizophrenia: Evidence from China

C. Wang^{a,*}, Y. Zhang^b

^a School of Social Development, Central University of Finance and Economics, Beijing, China;

^b School of Social Service Administration, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, USA

*Correspondence to: School of Social Development, Central University of Finance and Economics, No.39 College South Road, Haidian District, Beijing 100081, China. *Email address*: wctpku@gmail.com (C. Wang).

Funding

Program for Innovation Research in the Central University of Finance and Economics; Program for New Century Excellent Talents in University, China; and Program of the National Social Science Foundation of China (14BRK025).

Acknowledgement

The authors have declared that there are no conflicts of interest in relation to the subject of this study. The authors express their appreciation to Dr. Ellen Frank-Miller for her comments and proofreading on an earlier version of this manuscript.

Abstract

Controversies exist whether season of birth is associated with schizophrenia development later in life, and evidence has mainly come from studies done in developed countries. This study examines the association between season of birth and risk for schizophrenia in China, with special attention to geographical region, urbanity, and gender. Using data from China's Second National Sampling Survey on Disability, a large-scale, nationally representative sample

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4933293

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4933293

Daneshyari.com