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Insight into illness and its Relationship to Illness Severity, Cognition and Estimated Antipsychotic Dopamine Receptor Occupancy in Schizophrenia: An Antipsychotic Dose Reduction Study

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Insight into illness and its Relationship to Illness Severity, Cognition and Estimated

Antipsychotic Dopamine Receptor Occupancy in Schizophrenia: An Antipsychotic Dose

Reduction Study

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Abstract

Little is known about the influence of D_2 receptor occupancy on impaired insight into illness (III)—a core feature of schizophrenia. III is associated with illness severity and cognitive dysfunction. Comparably, supratherapeutic D_2 receptor occupancy can impair cognition. However, it is unclear how illness severity, cognition, and D_2 receptor occupancy interact to influence III in schizophrenia. The aim of this study was to explore the influence of antipsychotic dose reduction on the relationships of illness severity and cognition to III. III was assessed at baseline and 28 weeks post-antipsychotic dose reduction in 16 participants with schizophrenia and plasma antipsychotic concentrations. III was assessed primarily with the Schedule for the Assessment of Insight–Japanese version, and secondarily with the Positive and Negative

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