## Author's Accepted Manuscript

Cognitive Quaternion Valued Neural Network and some applications

Lyes Saad Saoud, Reza Ghorbani, F. Rahmoune



www.elsevier.com/locate/neucom

PII: S0925-2312(16)31095-5

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.neucom.2016.09.060

Reference: NEUCOM17589

To appear in: Neurocomputing

Received date: 13 March 2016 Revised date: 23 June 2016 Accepted date: 24 September 2016

Cite this article as: Lyes Saad Saoud, Reza Ghorbani and F. Rahmoune Cognitive Quaternion Valued Neural Network and some applications *Neurocomputing*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.neucom.2016.09.060

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

### ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

# Cognitive Quaternion Valued Neural Network and some

[ ]	
applicat	cions

2

3 4	Lyes Saad Saoud <sup>a</sup> , Reza Ghorbani <sup>b</sup> , F. Rahmoune <sup>a</sup>
5	<sup>a</sup> Faculty of sciences, University M'Hamed Bougara Boumerdès, 35000, Algeria
6	<sup>b</sup> Renewable Energy Design Laboratory (REDLab), Department of Mechanical Engineering,
7	University of Hawaii at Manoa, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA
8	Abstract
10	A Meta-cognitive Quaternion Valued Neural Network (Mc-QVNN) learning algorithm and its
11	forecasting applications is proposed in this paper. The Mc-QVNN has two parts, the cognitive
12	part that contains the QVNN and a meta-cognitive part, which self-regulates the learning
13	algorithm. At each epoch, when the Mc-QVNN receives a new sample, the meta-cognitive
14	part makes a decision about the manner, the time and the need to learn this sample or not. Ir
15	this case, the algorithm deletes the unneeded samples and keeps just the necessary ones for
16	learning. The meta-cognitive component makes the decision according to the quaternion
17	magnitude and phases. Three forecasting problems, which are Mackey-Glass time series
18	Lorenz attractor and the real home's power in the city of Honolulu in Hawaii, USA, are taken
19	to test the performance of the proposed algorithm. Comparison with other existing methods
20	shows that the Mc-QVNN is promising for forecasting chaotic systems.
21	Keywords: Meta-cognitive, Quaternion-valued neural networks, forecasting, renewable
22	energy.
23	1. Introduction
24	Nowadays, neural networks and fuzzy techniques have found a primordial place in literature

[1-11]. The Quaternion-Valued Neural Networks (QVNNs), which are an extended form of

#### Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4948022

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4948022

Daneshyari.com