Accepted Manuscript

Variable selection using shrinkage priors

Hanning Li, Debdeep Pati

 PII:
 S0167-9473(16)30235-3

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.csda.2016.10.008

 Reference:
 COMSTA 6358

To appear in: Computational Statistics and Data Analysis

Received date:17 December 2015Revised date:28 September 2016Accepted date:10 October 2016



Please cite this article as: Li, H., Pati, D., Variable selection using shrinkage priors. *Computational Statistics and Data Analysis* (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.csda.2016.10.008

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Variable Selection Using Shrinkage Priors

Hanning Li*, Debdeep Pati

Department of Statistics, Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL 32306

Abstract

Variable selection has received widespread attention over the last decade as we routinely encounter high-throughput datasets in complex biological and environment research. Most Bayesian variable selection methods are restricted to mixture priors having separate components for characterizing the signal and the noise. However, such priors encounter computational issues in high dimensions. This has motivated continuous shrinkage priors, resembling the two-component priors facilitating computation and interpretability. While such priors are widely used for estimating high-dimensional sparse vectors, selecting a subset of variables remains a daunting task. A general approach for variable selection with shrinkage priors is proposed. The presence of very few tuning parameters makes our method attractive in comparison to adhoc thresholding approaches. The applicability of the approach is not limited to continuous shrinkage priors, but can be used along with any shrinkage prior. Theoretical properties for near-collinear design matrices are investigated and the method is shown to have good performance in a wide range of synthetic data examples and in a real data example on selecting genes affecting survival due to lymphoma.

Keywords: Bayesian, Horseshoe, Markov Chain Monte Carlo, Shrinkage priors, Variable selection

1. Introduction

Variable selection in high-dimensional models has received substantial interest in recent years [1] and is a challenging problem for Bayesians. With rapid ad-

Preprint submitted to Computational Statistics and Data Analysis

^{*}Corresponding author: 214 Rogers Building, 117 North Woodward Avenue, P.O. Box 3064330, Tallahassee, FL 32306-4330. Ph: (850) 644-3218, Fax: (850) 644-5271

Email addresses: h.li@stat.fsu.edu (Hanning Li), debdeep@stat.fsu.edu (Debdeep Pati)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4949374

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4949374

Daneshyari.com