Accepted Manuscript

Short communication

Optimal Base Stations Planning for Coordinated Multi-Point System

Xiaoping Zeng, Meng Sun, Xin Jian, Derong Du, Lijuan Miao

PII:	S1434-8411(16)31252-3
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aeue.2017.01.007
Reference:	AEUE 51773
To appear in:	International Journal of Electronics and Communi- cations
Received Date:	16 November 2016
Revised Date:	5 January 2017
Accepted Date:	11 January 2017



Please cite this article as: X. Zeng, M. Sun, X. Jian, D. Du, L. Miao, Optimal Base Stations Planning for Coordinated Multi-Point System, *International Journal of Electronics and Communications* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aeue.2017.01.007

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Optimal Base Stations Planning for Coordinated Multi-Point System

Xiaoping Zeng, Meng Sun, Xin Jian*, Derong Du, Lijuan Miao

College of Communication Engineering, Chongqing University, Chongqing, 400030, China

Abstract

Through decreasing inter-cell interferences, CoMP (Coordinated Multi-Point) can enhance system capacity and spectral efficiency of cell-edge users significantly. BSs (Base stations) are the front-end accesses of CoMP and their planning influences the overall performance of the system directly. Different from the traditional cellular network, the coverage of BSs in CoMP always overlaps with each other to some degree. In order to investigate the BSs planning for CoMP, this paper builds two optimization models to obtain the location and the number of the BSs. A joint optimization algorithm is proposed to solve models, in which the methodologies of mesh adaptive direct search and successive elimination have been used. Numerical results show that the proposed models can effectively reduce the total transmission power and the number of BSs without losing the quality of service for users, which verifies the effectiveness of the proposed algorithms and the inherent advantage of CoMP.

Key words: CoMP; BSs planning; overlapping coverage; site selection; number optimization

1. Introduction

OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing) can decrease the intra-cell interference effectively, but the inter-cell interferences still exist. Sharing channel

^{*} Corresponding author

E-mail address: jianxin@cqu.edu.cn or jianxin_zg@163.com

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4954041

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4954041

Daneshyari.com