Accepted Manuscript

Spectrum efficient power allocation schemes for OFDM cognitive radio with statistical interference constraints

Manoranjan Rai Bharti, Debashis Ghosh

 PII:
 S1874-4907(17)30081-2

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.phycom.2017.07.003

 Reference:
 PHYCOM 405

To appear in: *Physical Communication*

Received date : 17 March 2017 Revised date : 17 June 2017 Accepted date : 17 July 2017



Please cite this article as: M.R. Bharti, D. Ghosh, Spectrum efficient power allocation schemes for OFDM cognitive radio with statistical interference constraints, *Physical Communication* (2017), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.phycom.2017.07.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Spectrum Efficient Power Allocation Schemes for OFDM Cognitive Radio with Statistical Interference Constraints

Manoranjan Rai Bharti^{*}, Debashis Ghosh

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee Roorkee – 247 667, Uttarakhand, India

Abstract

In this paper, we study the power allocation problem for an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM)-based cognitive radio (CR) system. In a departure from the conventional power allocation schemes available in the literature for OFDM-based CR, we propose power allocation schemes that are augmented with spectral shaping. Active interference cancellation (AIC) is an effective spectral shaping technique for OFDM-based systems. Therefore, in particular, we propose AIC-based optimal and suboptimal power allocation schemes that aim to maximize the downlink transmission capacity of an OFDM-based CR system operating opportunistically within the licensed primary users (PUs) radio spectrum in an overlay approach. Since the CR transmitter may not have the perfect knowledge about the instantaneous channel quality between itself and the active PUs, the interference constraints imposed by each of the PUs are met in a statistical sense. We also study an optimal power allocation scheme that is augmented with raised cosine (RC) windowing-based spectral shaping. For a given power budget at the CR transmitter and the prescribed statistical interference constraints by the PUs, we demonstrate that although the on-the-run computational complexity of the proposed AIC-based optimal power allocation

Preprint submitted to Physical Communication

^{*}Corresponding author

Email addresses: manoranjanraibharti@gmail.com (Manoranjan Rai Bharti), ghoshfec@iitr.ac.in (Debashis Ghosh)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4957612

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4957612

Daneshyari.com