Accepted Manuscript

Enhancing Automatic Closed-Loop Glucose Control in Type 1 Diabetes with an Adaptive Meal Bolus Calculator – In Silico Evaluation under Intra-Day Variability

Pau Herrero, Jorge Bondia, Oloruntoba Adewuyi, Peter Pesl, Mohamed El-Sharkawy, Monika Reddy, Chris Toumazou, Nick Oliver, Pantelis Georgiou

 PII:
 S0169-2607(16)30729-5

 DOI:
 10.1016/j.cmpb.2017.05.010

 Reference:
 COMM 4425

To appear in: Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine

Received date:18 July 2016Revised date:2 April 2017Accepted date:25 May 2017

Please cite this article as: Pau Herrero, Jorge Bondia, Oloruntoba Adewuyi, Peter Pesl, Mohamed El-Sharkawy, Monika Reddy, Chris Toumazou, Nick Oliver, Pantelis Georgiou, Enhancing Automatic Closed-Loop Glucose Control in Type 1 Diabetes with an Adaptive Meal Bolus Calculator – In Silico Evaluation under Intra-Day Variability, *Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.cmpb.2017.05.010

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Highlights

- In this paper, we present a novel technique to automatically adjust the meal-priming bolus within an artificial pancreas. For this purpose, a Run-to-Run algorithm incorporating a new control law, which avoids some of the limitations of previously proposed techniques, is introduced. Then, Case-Based Reasoning, an artificial intelligence technique which solves new problems based on the solutions of similar past problems, is employed to account for intra-subject insulin sensitivity variability.
- To evaluate the proposed technique against a non-adaptive mealpriming bolus calculator, an *in silico* evaluation using a modified version of the latest FDA-accepted UVa-Padova Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus simulator. For this purpose, 11 adult and 11 adolescent virtual subjects under real-life conditions were employed. For evaluation purposes, a novel version of the clinically validated Imperial College Bio-inspired AP controller.
- A t-test statistical analysis showed that, compared to a nonadaptive bolus calculator within a closed-loop controller, the proposed method has the potential to significantly improve glycemic control in diabetes management.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4958083

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4958083

Daneshyari.com