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### Stepwise Construction of a Metabolic Network in Event-B: the Heat Shock Response

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#### Abstract

There is a high interest in constructing large, detailed computational models for biological processes. This is often done by putting together existing submodels and adding to them extra details/knowledge. The result of such approaches is usually a model that can only answer questions on a very specific level of detail, and thus, ultimately, is of limited use. We focus instead on an approach to systematically add details to a model, with formal verification of its consistency at each step. In this way, one obtains a set of reusable models, at different levels of abstraction, to be used for different purposes depending on the question to address. We demonstrate this approach using Event-B, a computational framework introduced to develop formal specifications of distributed software systems. We first describe how to model generic metabolic networks in Event-B. Then, we apply this method for modeling the biological heat shock response in eukaryotic cells, using Event-B refinement techniques. The advantage of using Event-B consists in having refinement as an intrinsic feature; this provides as a final result not only a correct model, but a chain of models automatically linked by refinement, each of which is provably correct and reusable. This is a proof-of-concept that refinement in Event-B is suitable for biomodeling, serving for mastering biological complexity.

*Keywords:* Biomodeling, Model refinement, Model hierarchy, Heat shock response, Event-B, Rodin

#### 1. Introduction

The general problem we address in this paper is how to systematically add details to a biological model so that the model may be used at different levels of abstraction depending on the question to be addressed. Our approach to this problem is based on model refinement. The idea is to specify the model

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