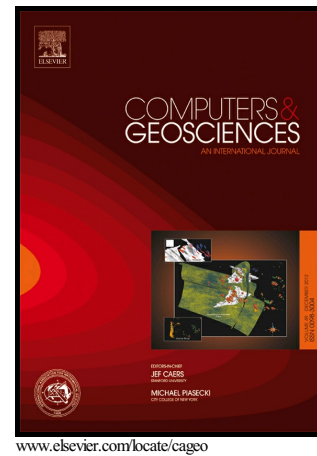


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Estimating the surface relaxivity as a function of pore size from NMR T₂ distributions and micro-tomographic images

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Abstract

In the present work, we formulate and solve an inverse problem to recover the surface relaxivity as a function of pore size. The input data for our technique are the T_2 distribution measurement and the micro-tomographic image of the rock sample under investigation. We simulate the NMR relaxation signal for a given surface relaxivity function using the random walk method and rank different surface relaxivity functions

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