Accepted Manuscript

A framework for simultaneous aerodynamic design optimization in the presence of chaos

Stefanie Günther, Nicolas R. Gauger, Qiqi Wang

 PII:
 S0021-9991(16)30541-1

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2016.10.043

 Reference:
 YJCPH 6921

To appear in: Journal of Computational Physics

Received date:23 December 2015Revised date:19 September 2016Accepted date:15 October 2016



Please cite this article in press as: S. Günther et al., A framework for simultaneous aerodynamic design optimization in the presence of chaos, J. Comput. Phys. (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2016.10.043

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A framework for simultaneous aerodynamic design optimization in the presence of chaos

Stefanie Günther^{a,*}, Nicolas R. Gauger^a, Qiqi Wang^b

 ^aTU Kaiserslautern, Chair for Scientific Computing, Paul-Ehrlich-Straße 34, 67663 Kaiserslautern, Germany
 ^bMassachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA

Abstract

Integrating existing solvers for unsteady partial differential equations into a simultaneous optimization method is challenging due to the forward-in-time information propagation of classical time-stepping methods. This paper applies the simultaneous single-step one-shot optimization method to a reformulated unsteady constraint that allows for both forward- and backward-in-time information propagation. Especially in the presence of chaotic and turbulent flow, solving the initial value problem simultaneously with the optimization problem often scales poorly with the time domain length. The new formulation relaxes the initial condition and instead solves a least squares problem for the discrete partial differential equations. This enables efficient one-shot optimization that is independent of the time domain length, even in the presence of chaos.

Keywords: simultaneous optimization, one-shot, unsteady flow, dual time-stepping, chaos, least squares shadowing

1. Introduction

This paper is motivated by aerodynamic design in the presence of massively separated flows. Important applications include launch vehicle design [1, 2], helicopter design [3, 4], designing highly maneuverable air vehicles

^{*}Corresponding author

Email address: stefanie.guenther@scicomp.uni-kl.de (Stefanie Günther)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4967933

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4967933

Daneshyari.com