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Graph-regularized concept factorization for multi-view document clustering

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Abstract

We propose a novel multi-view document clustering method with the graphregularized concept factorization (MVCF). MVCF makes full use of multiview features for more comprehensive understanding of the data and learns weights for each view adaptively. It also preserves the local geometrical structure of the manifolds for multi-view clustering. We have derived an efficient optimization algorithm to solve the objective function of MVCF and proven its convergence by utilizing the auxiliary function method. Experiments carried out on three benchmark datasets have demonstrated the effectiveness of MVCF in comparison to several state-of-the-art approaches in terms of accuracy, normalized mutual information and purity.

Keywords: Multi-view learning, concept factorization, document clustering, manifold learning

1. Introduction

The matrix factorization-based approaches have become popular in document clustering [1, 2]. Nonnegative matrix factorization (NMF) [3] and concept factorization (CF) [1] have produced impressive results. Generally, CF mainly strives to overcome the limitations of NMF while inheriting all its strengths. CF models each concept as a linear combination of the data points, and each data point as a linear combination of the concepts. It aims to interpret the product of the two sets of linear coefficients as an approximation of the original data points. The cluster label of each data point can be easily derived from the obtained linear coefficients. However, CF does not consider the local manifold geometry but the global Euclidean geometry

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