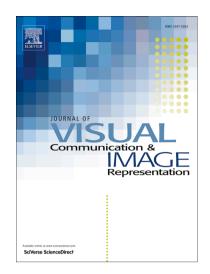
Accepted Manuscript

Wide-angle and long-range real time pose estimation: a comparison between monocular and stereo vision systems

Pasquale Ferrara, Alessandro Piva, Fabrizio Argenti, Junya Kusuno, Marta Niccolini, Matteo Ragaglia, Francesca Uccheddu

PII:	S1047-3203(17)30140-2
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jvcir.2017.06.008
Reference:	YJVCI 2025
To appear in:	J. Vis. Commun. Image R.
Received Date:	26 August 2016
Accepted Date:	16 June 2017



Please cite this article as: P. Ferrara, A. Piva, F. Argenti, J. Kusuno, M. Niccolini, M. Ragaglia, F. Uccheddu, Wideangle and long-range real time pose estimation: a comparison between monocular and stereo vision systems, *J. Vis. Commun. Image R.* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jvcir.2017.06.008

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Wide-angle and long-range real time pose estimation: a comparison between monocular and stereo vision systems

Pasquale Ferrara^a, Alessandro Piva^a, Fabrizio Argenti^a, Junya Kusuno^b Marta Niccolini^c, Matteo Ragaglia^c, Francesca Uccheddu^{a,*}

^aDepartment of Information Engineering, University of Florence, Italy ^bResearch and Development Unit, Yanmar Co. Ltd., Japan ^cYanmar R&D Europe, Italy

Abstract

In this work, a comparison of the performances of a stereo and a monocular vision system for the 3D pose estimation of a planar target in very challenging conditions is presented. In particular, the systems have been designed to detect in real time a target moving with a maximum speed of 1 m/s, in a range of distances from 0.5 to 4 m from the cameras, with an accuracy of less than 1 cm (referred to the estimation of the real world coordinates) and with a field of view of 80 degrees. A theoretical evaluation and experimental results to assess the performance of the proposed systems are presented. Our analysis demonstrates the good accuracy in terms of target position estimation of the presented approaches not only for close range applications, but also for mid-to-long range ones.

Keywords: Vision systems; visual tracking; target detection; monocular vision system; stereo vision systems; pose estimation.

1. Introduction

Due to the more and more efficient algorithms and to the rapid progress of hardware processing capability, real time computer vision systems are becoming

Preprint submitted to Journal of Visual Communication and Image Representation January 30, 2017

^{*}Corresponding author

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4969286

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4969286

Daneshyari.com