Accepted Manuscript

Synthesis and characterisation of robust emulsion-templated silica microcapsules

Shane P. Meaney, Rico F. Tabor, Bart Follink

PII:	S0021-9797(17)30682-3
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcis.2017.06.026
Reference:	YJCIS 22453
To appear in:	Journal of Colloid and Interface Science
Received Date:	31 March 2017
Accepted Date:	7 June 2017



Please cite this article as: S.P. Meaney, R.F. Tabor, B. Follink, Synthesis and characterisation of robust emulsion-templated silica microcapsules, *Journal of Colloid and Interface Science* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcis.2017.06.026

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

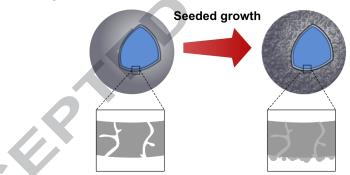
Synthesis and characterisation of robust emulsion-templated silica microcapsules

Shane P. Meaney^a, Rico F. Tabor^a, Bart Follink^{a,*}

^aSchool of Chemistry, Monash University, Clayton, VIC 3800, Australia

Abstract

Robust silica microcapsules were synthesised using an emulsion template via a seeded growth strategy. Multiple additions of the silica precursor tetraethyl orthosilicate (TEOS) were observed to result in a number of physical and property changes of the capsule shells as compared to a single coating. Scanning electron microscopy indicated a morphological transition from a smooth to a roughened surface. Improved cargo retention and consolidation of the pore structure of the silica shells were observed using dye release experiments and nitrogen porosimetry respectively. In comparison to a typical hollow silica shell synthesis procedure, this one-pot loading and synthesis allows the simple production of robust capsules that are capable of sustained release, using mild conditions and reagents.



Keywords: Capsules, Silica synthesis, Emulsion templating, Porosity

1. Introduction

Encapsulation has long been used for the protection and controlled release of reagents across fields including pharmaceuticals, catalysis and food technology [1–7]. Silica has excellent properties for encapsulation: it is relatively inert, biocompatible and can be manipulated into forming

Preprint submitted to Journal of Colloid and Interface Science

^{*}Email: bart.follink@monash.edu; Tel: +61 3 9905 2711; Fax: +61 3 9905 4597

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4984450

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4984450

Daneshyari.com