Author's Accepted Manuscript

Exceptional Chiral Separation of Amino Acid Modified Graphene Oxide Membranes with high-flux

Chenchen Meng, Yujie Sheng, Qibin Chen, Huiling Tan, Honglai Liu



www.elsevier.com/locate/memsc

PII: S0376-7388(16)31917-2

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.memsci.2016.12.019

Reference: MEMSCI14944

To appear in: Journal of Membrane Science

Received date: 12 October 2016 Revised date: 30 November 2016 Accepted date: 3 December 2016

Cite this article as: Chenchen Meng, Yujie Sheng, Qibin Chen, Huiling Tan and Honglai Liu, Exceptional Chiral Separation of Amino Acid Modified Graphent Oxide Membranes with high-flux, *Journal of Membrane Science* http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.memsci.2016.12.019

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Exceptional Chiral Separation of Amino Acid Modified Graphene Oxide Membranes with high-flux

Chenchen Meng, Yujie Sheng, Qibin Chen*, Huiling Tan and Honglai Liu*

State Key Laboratory of Chemical Engineering and School of Chemistry & Molecular Engineering,

East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai, 200237, P.R. China

*E-mail: qibinchen@ecust.edu.cn

*E-mail: hlliu@ecust.edu.cn

Abstract

The primary aim of this investigation was to achieve chiral separations via fabricating graphene oxide (GO) based membranes with high separation performances, derived from incorporating a chiral selector (L-Glutamic acid) into GO flakes, based on considerations of GO membranes having the inherently high throughput nature. The GO membrane was fabricated via a simple vacuum filtration method, in which L-Glutamic acid not only provided the stacked GO nanosheets with the necessary stability to overcome their inherent dispensability in water environment but also finely tuned spacing of the GO nanosheets and the resulting performance. The corresponding membrane structure together with GO and amino acid modified GO nanosheets was systematically characterized by SEM, TEM, AFM, XPS, XRD, FT-IR and so on. Finally, enantioseparation performances of amino acid modified GO membranes Glu-GO membranes toward 3, 4-Dihydroxy-D, L-phenylalanine were

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4989097

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4989097

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>