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Negligible ageing in poly(ether-ether-ketone) membranes widens

application range for solvent processing

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operation

Abstract

Organic solvent nanofiltration membranes have been prepared from poly(ether-ether-ketone)

(PEEK) by phase inversion. Remarkably, these membranes undergo negligible ageing, even

under extreme conditions of high temperature air annealing, and high temperature solute

filtration with agressive solvents. This negligible ageing of PEEK membranes is contrasted

with substantial ageing of crosslinked polybenzimidazole (PBI) and polyimide (PI)

membranes. After air annealing at 120 °C, PBI and PI membranes become brittle and lose all

permeance, whereas PEEK membranes remain flexible and retain a constant permeance of

~ 0.2 L.h⁻¹.m⁻².bar⁻¹ for tetrahydrofuran (THF). The structural change in PBI and PI

membranes is attributed to polymer transition from a non-equilibrium glassy state towards an

equilibrium state at which chain packing precludes permeation of solvent. High temperature

filtrations in DMF up to 140 °C for the three polymeric membranes showed PEEK

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