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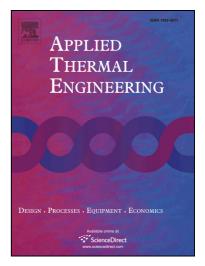
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CCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

On the solar receiver thermal enhancement by using the dimple combined with

delta winglet vortex generator

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Abstract

In this study, effects of dimples and their arrangement on the flow structure, heat transfer and

friction factor in a solar receiver heated channel with delta-winglet vortex generators (DWVGs) are

numerically studied. The dimples are placed either in an inline or a staggered layout. A smooth

channel with pure dimples and a smooth channel with pure DWVGs are studied, in which the smooth

channel with DWVGs is considered as baseline. The Reynolds number is ranging from 4,000 to

40,000. Results of the flow structure, heat plate Nu number, friction factor, temperature and turbulent

kinetic energy (TKE) are included. The results show that the adoption of dimples significantly

impacts the flow structure by interacting with the vortex which is generated by the DWVGs. A small

part of the vortex moves downward and impinges on the inline arranged dimpled surface, which is

beneficial for the heat transfer enhancement. However, for the staggered arrangement of dimples, the

vortex flow is lifted upward before it impinges on the dimple surface. In this case, the inline

arrangement dimples provides the best mixing and the highest heat transfer performance. The heat

transfer is augmented by 36.23% while the friction factor is increased by 36.29% compared to the

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