Accepted Manuscript

Effect of aperture size on free convection and radiation heat transfer in isoflux upward-facing cylindrical cavities

Zu-Guo Shen, Shuang-Ying Wu, Lan Xiao, Yi Qiu, Ke Wang

PII:	S0894-1777(17)30129-2
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.expthermflusci.2017.04.026
Reference:	ETF 9088
To appear in:	Experimental Thermal and Fluid Science
Received Date:	12 June 2016
Revised Date:	16 December 2016
Accepted Date:	22 April 2017



Please cite this article as: Z-G. Shen, S-Y. Wu, L. Xiao, Y. Qiu, K. Wang, Effect of aperture size on free convection and radiation heat transfer in isoflux upward-facing cylindrical cavities, *Experimental Thermal and Fluid Science* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.expthermflusci.2017.04.026

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Effect of aperture size on free convection and radiation heat transfer in

isoflux upward-facing cylindrical cavities

Zu-Guo Shen^{a,b}, Shuang-Ying Wu^{a,b,*}, Lan Xiao^{a,b}, Yi Qiu^b, Ke Wang^{a,b}

(^aKey Laboratory of Low-grade Energy Utilization Technologies and Systems, Ministry of Education, Chongqing University, Chongqing 400044, China;

^bCollege of Power Engineering, Chongqing University, Chongqing 400044, China)

Abstract: Taking isoflux upward-facing cylindrical cavities as object, the effect of aperture size on free convection and radiation heat transfer was studied experimentally and numerically. Besides, the influences of tilt angle and heat flux under different aperture sizes were also tested by experiment. The reliability of experiment was confirmed by experimental uncertainty analysis and reproducibility. The results indicate that the larger the aperture size is, the lower the temperature of cavity surfaces is and the stronger the free convection and radiation heat transfer are. The effect of aperture size on free convection heat transfer is of more significance for the cavities with small aperture size, while the behavior is opposite to its effect on radiation heat transfer. Aperture size has no influence on the variation trends of free convection and radiation heat transfer Nusselt numbers (Nu_c and Nu_r) with tilt angle and heat flux. To facilitate engineering applications, some suggestions and empirical correlations with high prediction accuracy were proposed.

Keywords: upward-facing cylindrical cavity; aperture size; free convection; radiation; experimental study; numerical simulation

*Corresponding author. Tel.: +86-(0)13657693789; fax: +86-23-65102473. *E-mail address*: shuangyingwu@126.com

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4992689

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/4992689

Daneshyari.com