Accepted Manuscript

Coupling effects of inertia and dual-phase-lag heat conduction on thermal shock fracture of a cracked piezoelectric layer

S.L. Guo, B.L. Wang, H.S. Nan

PII:	S0013-7944(16)30635-X
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.engfracmech.2017.03.047
Reference:	EFM 5472
To appear in:	Engineering Fracture Mechanics
Received Date:	15 November 2016
Revised Date:	28 March 2017
Accepted Date:	29 March 2017
Received Date: Revised Date: Accepted Date:	15 November 2016 28 March 2017 29 March 2017



Please cite this article as: Guo, S.L., Wang, B.L., Nan, H.S., Coupling effects of inertia and dual-phase-lag heat conduction on thermal shock fracture of a cracked piezoelectric layer, *Engineering Fracture Mechanics* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.engfracmech.2017.03.047

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Coupling effects of inertia and dual-phase-lag heat conduction on thermal shock

fracture of a cracked piezoelectric layer

S.L. Guo¹, B.L. Wang², H.S. Nan^{1,*}

¹ Graduate School at Shenzhen, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, P.R. China

²Centre for Infrastructure Engineering, School of Computing, Engineering and Mathematics,

Western Sydney University, Penrith, NSW 2751, Australia

Abstract: This paper studies the thermal shock fracture mechanics of a piezoelectric material thin layer with an internal crack. The typical model I and model II cracking problems are separately considered. The analyses are based on the dual-phase-lag, non-Fourier heat conduction theory with consideration of material inertia. Laplace transform and dual integral equation technique are applied to solve the problems. Some numerical results of the stress intensity factor and energy release rate are obtained and drawn in figures. It is demonstrated that the effect of the inertia on the fracture behavior depends on the ratio of the thermal wave speed to the stress wave velocity. In addition, the large ratio of the temperature gradient lag to the thermal flux lag will greatly enhance the mode I and mode II stress intensity factors.

Keywords: Piezoelectric materials, Fracture mechanics, Thermal shock, Dual-phase-lag heat conduction, inertia effect.

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +86-755-26032119

E-mail address: nanhaishun@hitsz.edu.cn (H.S. Nan).

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5013941

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5013941

Daneshyari.com