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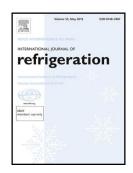
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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A simplified experimentally tested theoretical model to reduce water consumption of a direct evaporative cooler for dry climates

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Research Highlights

- Introducing simple modified experimentally tested theoretical model for direct evaporative cooler.
- Reducing water consumption of a direct evaporative cooler is studied.
- From experimental runs the sprinkled water temperature is 2.5°C higher than inlet WBT.
- At 200 000 PPM, 1.5 L/h water consumption reduction is reached with 8.6% increase in $t_{\rm a2}$.
- Using sea water as feeding to the cooler results in 3.5% saving in consumed water.

Abstract

The aim of this study is to introduce a simple modified experimentally tested theoretical model to mainly reduce the water consumption rate of a direct

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