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Microstructure and mechanical properties of underwater wet welded highcarbon-equivalent steel Q460 using austenitic consumables

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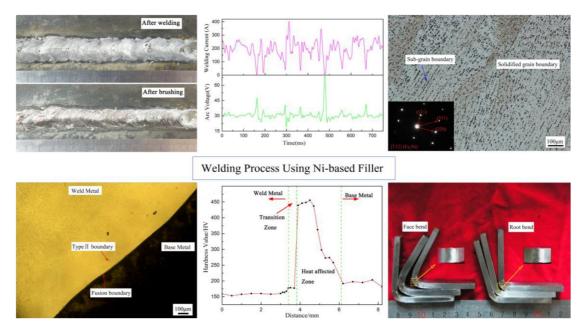
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Abstract

Underwater wet flux-cored arc welding of Q460 steel using specially developed Ni-based filler and commercially obtained ER308 were investigated. Wet welded joints using Ni-based filler were of high performance with high ultimate tensile strength (518 MPa) and impact toughness of the weld metal (128.9 J/cm²). ER308 failed to acquire sound welded joints due to extensive slag remained in the bottom of groove. The highest microhardness (450 HV) was recorded on the coarse-grained heat-affected zone of the base metal for both joints. Type II boundaries existed in the interfaces between austenitic weld metal and ferritic base metal. Compared to austenitic stainless steel weld metal, nickel-based weld metal possessed the ability to be significantly diluted by Q460 base metal.

Graphical Abstract



Key words: Q460 steel; Underwater wet welding; Flux-cored wire; Microstructure; Mechanical

20 properties

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