Accepted Manuscript

Compressive responses of ultrafine-grained titanium within a broad range of strain rates and temperatures

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 PII:
 S0167-6636(17)30304-6

 DOI:
 10.1016/j.mechmat.2017.07.015

 Reference:
 MECMAT 2772

To appear in: Mechanics of Materials

Received date:24 April 2017Revised date:24 July 2017Accepted date:26 July 2017

Please cite this article as: Y.Z. Guo, X.Y. Sun, Q. Wei, Y.L. Li, Compressive responses of ultrafinegrained titanium within a broad range of strain rates and temperatures, *Mechanics of Materials* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.mechmat.2017.07.015

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Highlights

- Effects of strain rate, temperature and grain size on the compressive behavior for UFG and CG titanium were comparatively studied.
- Main contributions to yield and flow stresses of CP-Ti, including grain sizes, dislocation densities and concentration of interstitial impurities, are estimated.
- The primary strengthening sources for CG titanium comes from interstitials, which contribute ~64% of the yield stress. While grain boundary strengthening, dislocation interaction and interstitials contribute ~38%, ~32% and ~30% of the yield stress of UFG-Ti, respectively.

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1

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