Accepted Manuscript

Wedge Splitting Test on Douglas genotypes using an integrated mixed-mode approach

Amine Jamaaoui, Octavian Pop, Frédéric Dubois, Guy Costa

PII: S0167-8442(17)30087-3

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2017.03.012

Reference: TAFMEC 1828

To appear in: Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics

Received Date: 24 February 2017 Revised Date: 14 March 2017 Accepted Date: 14 March 2017



Please cite this article as: A. Jamaaoui, O. Pop, F. Dubois, G. Costa, Wedge Splitting Test on Douglas genotypes using an integrated mixed-mode approach, *Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2017.03.012

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Wedge Splitting Test on Douglas genotypes using an integrated mixed-mode approach

Amine JAMAAOUI¹, Octavian POP¹, Frédéric DUBOIS¹, Guy COSTA²

¹Univ. Limoges, GEMH, EA 3178, F-19300 Egletons, France

²Univ. Limoges, LCSN, UPRES EA 1069, F-87000 Limoges, France

Abstract:

The objective of this study is to estimate the influence of mixed mode on the global fracture energy. The experimental tests were carried out using three Douglas genotypes. In order to evaluate the fracture parameters the Wedge Splitting Tests were performed. The fracture parameters were estimated from the optical measurements coupled with numerical and analytical approaches. Firstly, the fracture energy was estimated from the work of fracture calculated from the splitting force – Crack Opening Displacement curve. In this case, the Crack Opening Displacement was measured by means of Mark Tracking method. Secondly, the fracture parameters and, consequently the fracture energy was evaluated using an integrated mixed mode approach. In this second case, the experimental measurements were performed by Digital Image Correlation. The fracture energy corresponding to opening and shear modes was calculated by using an adjustment procedure coupled with Stress Intensity Factor calculation and the phase angle. This second approach allowing the calculation of fracture energy without the influence of experimental noises. The results show that the proposed integrated mixed mode approach allows evaluate the part of each mode in the fracture process.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5019712

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5019712

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>