## **Accepted Manuscript**

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PII: \$1359-8368(16)31800-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.compositesb.2016.10.056

Reference: JCOMB 4654

To appear in: Composites Part B

Received Date: 30 August 2016
Revised Date: 19 October 2016
Accepted Date: 20 October 2016

Please cite this article as: Xu X-I, Yang C-j, Yang J-h, Huang T, Zhang N, Wang Y, Zhou Z-w, Excellent dielectric properties of poly(vinylidene fluoride) composites based on partially reduced graphene oxide, *Composites Part B* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.compositesb.2016.10.056.

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CCEPTED MANUSCRIP

Excellent dielectric properties of poly(vinylidene fluoride) composites based on partially

reduced graphene oxide

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Abstract: In this work, poly(vinylidene fluoride) (PVDF)/graphene oxide (GO) were prepared

through a two-step processing procedures, i.e. solution compounding and subsequent melt

compounding processing. The thermal reduction of GO during the sample preparation process, the

dispersion state of GO in the composites, and the crystallization of PVDF matrix were

comparatively investigated. The results demonstrated that the partially reduced GO could be

obtained during the sample preparation process. The residual oxygen-containing groups induced

the crystal transformation of PVDF matrix from  $\alpha$ -form to  $\beta$ -form on one hand. On the other hand,

there was specific interfacial interaction between oxygen-containing groups of GO and >CF<sub>2</sub>

group of PVDF matrix. The PVDF/GO composites were still insulated. High dielectric constant

and low dielectric loss were achieved for the PVDF/GO composites with GO content higher than

1 wt%. The mechanisms for the excellent dielectric properties were proposed to be related to the

interfacial polarization of the partially reduced GO, the formation of polar β-form PVDF

crystallites and the formation of local GO network structure.

Keywords: A. Polymer-matrix composites (PMCs); B. Microstructures; B. Electrical properties

1. Introduction

Polymer composites with high dielectric constant and low dielectric loss exhibit great potential

application in many fields relating to the charge storage and application due to their intrinsic

characteristics, including the relatively low density, high compression strength, good processing

ability, and relatively low equivalent series resistance, etc. Dielectric constant is related to the

polarization of polymer in the electric field and generally, the higher the degree of the polarization

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