## Accepted Manuscript

Bearing fatigue of composite laminates: Damage monitoring and fatigue life prediction

Cyril Sola, Bruno Castanié, Laurent Michel, Frédéric Lachaud, Arnaud Delabie, Emmanuel Mermoz

PII: S1359-8368(16)30819-8

DOI: 10.1016/j.compositesb.2016.11.031

Reference: JCOMB 4724

To appear in: Composites Part B

Received Date: 25 May 2016

Revised Date: 4 October 2016

Accepted Date: 5 November 2016

Please cite this article as: Sola C, Castanié B, Michel L, Lachaud F, Delabie A, Mermoz E, Bearing fatigue of composite laminates: Damage monitoring and fatigue life prediction, *Composites Part B* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.compositesb.2016.11.031.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## Bearing fatigue of composite laminates: damage monitoring and fatigue life prediction

Cyril Sola<sup>a,b</sup>, Bruno Castanié<sup>b</sup>, Laurent Michel<sup>b</sup>, Frédéric Lachaud<sup>b</sup>, Arnaud Delabie<sup>a</sup>, Emmanuel Mermoz<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Drive systems department, Airbus Helicopters, Aéroport Marseille-Provence, 13725 Marignane Cedex, France.

<sup>b</sup>Groupe Matériaux et Structures Composites (MSC) Université de Toulouse, UMR CNRS 5312, INSA/UPS/ISAE/Mines Albi, Institut Clément Ader 3 Rue Caroline Aigle, 31400 Toulouse, France.

## Abstract

In hybrid composite/metallic structures, loads can be transmitted from one part to the other through localized contact pressures, i.e., bearing. Such structures may be rotating structures, which can accumulate as many as 10<sup>9</sup> load cycles during their service life. Designing safe hybrid rotating structures thus requires a sound understanding of how composite joints degrade under bearing fatigue. Pin-bearing fatigue tests were run under load-control. Damage mechanisms were investigated using computed tomography, and the pin displacement was closely monitored thanks to a green-LED micrometer. Building upon the gathered experimental evidences, several damage indicators were then analysed. In particular, hysteresis losses were found to give interesting insights into the fatigue phenomenon, suggesting the existence of a fatigue limit in the very high cycle fatigue (VHCF) regime.

*Keywords:* A. Carbon fibre A. Fabrics/textile B. Fatigue D. Mechanical testing D. Computed tomography

The bearing behaviour of composite joints has been the object of a large

Preprint submitted to Composites Part B : Engineering

Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5021872

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5021872

Daneshyari.com