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In-situ Curing of Glass Fiber Reinforced Polymer Composites via

Resistive Heating of Carbon Nanotube Films

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ABSTRACT: In this study, we report a time- and energy-saving out-of-oven curing process based

on the resistive heating of a macroscale carbon nanotube (CNT) film made using the floating

catalyst chemical vapor deposition method. CNT film can be heated up very quickly when

connected to an electrical power source. By coating CNT film onto the surface of uncured glass

fiber reinforced polymer composites, the composites can be cured by the resistive heating of the

CNT film. The degree of cure, loss storage, and tensile properties of the composites made from the

new process are almost the same as those made from the traditional oven heating process.

However, the new curing process is much faster, and its energy consumption is found to be only

one seventh that of the oven curing process. The deicing of glass fiber composites based on the

resistive heating of CNT film is also demonstrated.

Keywords: Carbon nanotube, curing, resistive heating, fiber reinforced polymer composites,

deicing

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