### Accepted Manuscript

Inclusion complex between beta-cyclodextrin and phenylphosphonic as novel bio-based flame retardant to epoxy: Inclusion behavior, characterization and flammability



Xiaomin Zhao, Juan Picón Alonso, De-Yi Wang

PII:	S0264-1275(16)31495-2
DOI:	doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2016.11.093
Reference:	JMADE 2529
To appear in:	Materials & Design
Received date:	28 September 2016
Revised date:	23 November 2016
Accepted date:	24 November 2016

Please cite this article as: Xiaomin Zhao, Juan Picón Alonso, De-Yi Wang, Inclusion complex between beta-cyclodextrin and phenylphosphonicdiamide as novel bio-based flame retardant to epoxy: Inclusion behavior, characterization and flammability. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Jmade(2016), doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2016.11.093

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

## Inclusion complex between beta-cyclodextrin and phenylphosphonicdiamide as novel bio-based flame retardant to epoxy: inclusion behavior, characterization and flammability

Xiaomin Zhao, Juan Picón Alonso, De-Yi Wang\*

IMDEA Materials Institute, C/Eric Kandel, 2, 28906 Getafe, Madrid, Spain Corresponding author: De-Yi Wang: Tel.: +34-917871888, *E-mail address*:<u>deyi.wang@imdea.org</u>

#### Abstract

The aim of this work was to study the impact of inclusion complex (IC) between  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin ( $\beta$ -CD) and N, N'-diamyl-p-phenylphosphonicdiamide (P-MA) on the thermal stability and flame retardancy of epoxy resin (EP). IC was synthesized via inclusion process and characterized by <sup>1</sup>H nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), X-ray diffraction (XRD), differential scanning calorimeter (DSC) and scanning electron microscopy with X-ray microanalysis (SEM-EDS). <sup>1</sup>H NMR was used to identify the mole ratio of  $\beta$ -CD/P-MA in IC, showed that their mole ratio was 1:0.5. The inclusion complex (IC) was proposed to be a char promoter in EP via a combination of the properties of b-CD and P-MA during the combustion. By incorporating the IC, the flame retardancy of EP was expected to be improved. Thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA) showed that the thermal stability of IC was better than those of P-MA and physical mixture of  $\beta$ -CD and P-MA (PM). The impact of IC and PM on thermal stability and flame retardancy in EP were studied by TGA, limiting oxygen index (LOI), UL 94 and cone calorimeter tests. The heat and smoke releases of EP/IC were suppressed compared with those of EP and EP/PM.

**Keywords:** Bio-based flame retardant, Inclusion behavior, Flame retardancy, Thermal stability, Epoxy.

#### **1. Introduction**

Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5024008

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5024008

Daneshyari.com