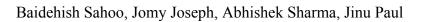
Accepted Manuscript

Surface modification of aluminium by graphene impregnation



PII:	80264-1275(16)31469-1
DOI:	doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2016.11.075
Reference:	JMADE 2511
To appear in:	Materials & Design
Received date:	19 August 2016
Revised date:	17 November 2016
Accepted date:	19 November 2016
To appear in: Received date: Revised date:	Materials & Design 19 August 2016 17 November 2016



Please cite this article as: Baidehish Sahoo, Jomy Joseph, Abhishek Sharma, Jinu Paul , Surface modification of aluminium by graphene impregnation. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Jmade(2016), doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2016.11.075

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Surface modification of aluminium by graphene impregnation

Baidehish Sahoo, Jomy Joseph, Abhishek Sharma, Jinu Paul* Department of Mechanical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur-721302, India

Abstract:

In this study, graphene nanoplatelets (GNPs) were mechanically impregnated into aluminium substrates to form surface nanocomposites, which enhance the surface properties of aluminium. The impregnation was achieved by application of pressure on graphene coated aluminium plates which are locally softened by electrical resistance heating. The extent of softening of aluminium can be controlled by the process parameters current and time used for electrical resistance heating. Micro-structural characterization of the graphene impregnated aluminium surface was done through Raman spectroscopy, XRD, SEM and TEM. It was observed that GNPs were impregnated up to a depth of 200-220 µm on the aluminium surface. GNPs were mostly occupied along the grain boundaries which lead to strengthening of the composite by various mechanisms. Raman spectroscopic analysis indicates a noticeable shift and change in intensity ratios of the corresponding G, D and 2D bands of the impregnated graphene. A detailed study of surface and subsurface mechanical properties was done through nano-indentation and microhardness tests. More than 400 % improvement in surface hardness and 200 % improvement in reduced Young's modulus were observed.

Key words: Graphene, Nanocomposites, Mechanical impregnation, Solid state bonding, Surface hardening, Surface composites.

*Corresponding Author E-Mail: jinu.paul@mech.iitkgp.ernet.in (Jinu Paul) Tel: +91 3222282956 Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5024272

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5024272

Daneshyari.com