### Accepted Manuscript

Title: Two Dimensional Green's Function for Planar Grounded Dielectric Layer in Non-integer Dimensional Space

Author: Y. Munawar M.A. Ashraf Q.A. Naqvi M.A. Fiaz

 PII:
 S0030-4026(17)30485-0

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.ijleo.2017.04.081

 Reference:
 IJLEO 59123

To appear in:

Received date:	14-10-2016
Accepted date:	22-4-2017

Please cite this article as: Y. Munawar, M.A. Ashraf, Q.A. Naqvi, M.A. Fiaz, Two Dimensional Green's Function for Planar Grounded Dielectric Layer in Non-integer Dimensional Space, <*!*[*CDATA[Optik - International Journal for Light and Electron Optics]]*> (2017), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijleo.2017.04.081

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## Two Dimensional Green's Function for Planar Grounded Dielectric Layer in Non-integer Dimensional Space

By

Y. Munawar, M. A. Ashraf, Q. A. Naqvi and M. A. Fiaz

Department of Electronics, Quaid-i-Azam University, 45320 Islamabad, Pakistan Corresponding Author: Q. A. Naqvi, qaisar@qau.edu.pk

#### Abstract:

Two dimensional Green's function for grounded dielectric half space geometry in non-integer dimensional space has been derived. It has been assumed that both half spaces are of non-integer dimension. Radiated fields are written in terms of unknown plane wave spectrum. Unknown spectrum functions are determined using the boundary conditions. Special cases have also been addressed considering one or both the spaces are of integer dimensional space. The solution for both the spaces are of integer dimension is used to make a comparison with previously reported results. Results are reported for different values of physical and geometrical parameters.

#### 1. Introduction:

In general, engineered systems comprise of sensors/acctuators, communication networks, and processors. They are used to monitor and control physical (electrical, mechanical, thermodynamic, etc.) processes. Parts of these systems are modeled as discrete events as well as with continuous events. A continuous distribution of data over the whole space is known as continuum model. A fractal is a natural phenomenon or a mathematical set that exhibits a repeating pattern at every scale. In general the Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5025511

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5025511

Daneshyari.com