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Semi-continuous, Real-time Monitoring of Protein Biomarker using a Recyclable Surface Plasmon Resonance Sensor

Dong-Hyung Kim^{a,1}, Il-Hoon Cho^{b,1}, Ji-Na Park^a, Sung-Ho Paek^a, Hyun-Mo Cho^c, Se-Hwan Paek^{a,d*}

^aDepartment of Bio-Microsystem Technology, Korea University, 145Anam-ro, Seongbuk-Gu, Seoul 02841, Korea

^bDepartment of Biomedical Laboratory Science, College of Health Science, Eulji University, Seongnam13135, Korea;

^cKorea Research Institute of Standards and Science, P.O. Box 102, Yuseong, Taejon 34113, Korea

^dDepartment of Biotechnology, Korea University, 2511 Sejong-ro, Sejong30019, Korea

* Address for correspondence: Se-Hwan Paek, Professor. 540 R&D Center (Green Campus).

Korea University. 145 Anam-ro, Seongbuk-gu. Seoul 02841. Republic of Korea. Tel: 82-2-

3290-3438. FAX: 82-2-927-2797. E-mail: shpaek@korea.ac.kr

Abstract

Although label-free immunosensors based on, for example, surface plasmon resonance (SPR) provide advantages of real-time monitoring of the analyte concentration, its application to routine clinical analysis in a semi-continuous manner is problematic because of the high cost of the sensor chip. The sensor chip is in most cases regenerated by employing an acidic pH. However, this causes gradual deterioration of the activity of the capture antibody immobilized on the sensor surface. To use sensor chips repeatedly, we investigated a novel surface modification method that enables regeneration of the sensor surface under mild conditions. We introduced a monoclonal antibody (anti-CBP Ab) that detects the conformational change in calcium binding protein (CBP) upon Ca²⁺ binding (>1 mM). To construct a regenerable SPR-based immunosensor, anti-CBP Ab was first immobilized on the sensor surface. MB

¹ These authors equally contributed to this work.

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