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A Novel Metronidazole Fluorescent Nanosensor based on Graphene Quantum Dots

Embedded Silica Molecularly Imprinted Polymer

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Abstract

A novel optical nanosensor for detection of Metronidazole in biological samples was reported.

Graphene quantum dots embedded silica molecular imprinted polymer (GQDs-embedded SMIP)

was synthesized and used as a selective fluorescent probe for Metronidazole detection. The new

synthesized GQDs-embedded SMIP showed strong fluorescent emission at 450 nm excited at

365 nm which quenched in presence of Metronidazole as a template molecule.. The quenching

was proportional to the concentration of Metronidazole in a linear range of at least 0.2 µM to 15

μM. The limit of detection for metronidazole determination was obtained 0.15 μM. The

nanosensor successfully worked in plasma matrixes.

Keywords: Nanosensor, Fluorescence detection, Graphene quantum dots, Metronidazole,

Molecularly imprinted polymer, Inorganic silica polymer

1. Introduction

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