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Nash bargaining and risk aversion

Gordon C. Rausser, Leo K. Simon

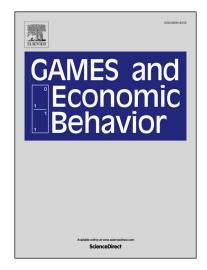
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NASH BARGAINING AND RISK AVERSION

GORDON C. RAUSSER AND LEO K. SIMON DECEMBER 2, 2015

ABSTRACT. It is widely accepted among axiomatic bargaining theorists that if one bargainer is more risk averse than a second, the second will be a tougher bargaining opponent than the first against all opponents. We argue that this relationship between risk aversion and bargaining toughness is both highly fragile, and more nuanced than previously articulated. In the Nash and Kalai-Smorodinsky bargaining frameworks, we establish that when a bargainer is compared with a second who is "almost globally" more risk averse than the first, the supposedly immutable relationship between bargaining effectiveness and risk aversion evaporates. Specifically, we identify an upper-hemicontinuity failure of a correspondence which maps the power set of all lotteries to those utility pairs that satisfy our "almost global" comparative risk aversion relation on these subsets. We trace the consensus view that tougher bargainers are less risk-averse to an exclusive focus on precisely the point at which this correspondence implodes.

KEYWORDS: Bargaining theory, Nash Bargaining, Kalai-Smorodinksy, Risk aversion.

JEL CLASSIFICATION: C78, D1

Rausser is the Robert Gordon Sproul Distinguished at the Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics, University of California at Berkeley. Simon is an Adjunct Professor at the Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics, University of California at Berkeley and at Monash University, Victoria, Australia. They are grateful to Rachael Goodhue, Larry Karp, Jeff La France, Ariel Rubinstein, Hugo Sonnenschein, and Christian Traeger for helpful conversations, to two anonymous referees for their suggestions and to Qu Tang and Youngdong Liu for excellent research assistance.

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