

Do analysts understand the economic and reporting complexities of derivatives?

Hye Sun Chang, Michael Donohoe, Theodore Sougiannis



PII: S0165-4101(15)00052-X
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jacceco.2015.07.005>
Reference: JAE1070

To appear in: *Journal of Accounting and Economics*

Received date: 20 December 2013
Revised date: 5 June 2015
Accepted date: 21 July 2015

Cite this article as: Hye Sun Chang, Michael Donohoe, Theodore Sougiannis, Do analysts understand the economic and reporting complexities of derivatives?, *Journal of Accounting and Economics*, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jacceco.2015.07.005>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Do analysts understand the economic and reporting complexities of derivatives?

Hye Sun Chang[†]
chang84@illinois.edu

Michael Donohoe^{*‡}
mdonohoe@illinois.edu

Theodore Sougiannis^{*}
sougianni@illinois.edu

[†]Singapore Management University
60 Stamford Road
Singapore 178900

^{*}University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
1206 S. Sixth Street, MC-706
Champaign, IL 61820

June 2015

Abstract

We investigate whether and how the complexity of derivatives influences analysts' earnings forecast properties. Using a difference-in-differences design, we find that, relative to a matched control sample of non-users, analysts' earnings forecasts for *new* derivatives users are less accurate and more dispersed after derivatives initiation. These results do not appear to be driven by the economic complexity of derivatives, but rather the financial reporting of such economic complexity. Overall, despite their financial expertise, analysts routinely misjudge the earnings implications of firms' derivatives activity. However, we find evidence that a series of derivatives accounting standards has helped analysts improve their forecasts over time.

Keywords: derivatives; economic complexity; reporting complexity; hedging; sell-side analysts; earnings forecasts

JEL Classification: G29; G32; M41

[‡]Corresponding author. We appreciate helpful comments from S.P. Kothari (editor), Marleen Plumlee (referee), Rashad Abdel-khalik, Andrew Bauer, Jenny Brown, Raluca Chiorean, Will Ciconte, Keith Czerney, Paul Demeré, Peter Easton, Brooke Elliott, Marcus Kirk, Laura Li, Pete Lisowsky, Sean McGuire, Michael Mayberry, Mark Peecher, Jenny Tucker, Jim Vincent, participants at the 2013 American Accounting Association Annual Meeting and Shyam Sunder (discussant), participants at the 2014 Accounting Research Conference at the University of Illinois at Chicago, and workshop participants at Athens University of Economics and Business, Nanyang Technological University, and the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. Special thanks to Stephen Brown for data collection assistance, and Mitchell Brown, Alex Menter, and Alexander Van Duch for research assistance. Donohoe and Sougiannis gratefully acknowledge financial support from the PricewaterhouseCoopers Faculty Fellowship and KPMG Professorship, respectively.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5086549>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5086549>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)